Church assured that Waite is alive

LONDON (AP) — The Church of England said Sunday it has been assured by a reliable Iranian informant that missing envoy Terry Waite is alive on his 1,000th day in captivity. The unidentified source also provided assurances that two other missing Britons — journalist John McCarthy and Northern Irish teacher Brian Keenan — are alive, said Eve Keatley, a and Northern Irish teacher Brian Leenan — are airve, and Eve Leacher, a spokeswoman for Archbishop of Canterbury Robert Runcie. Waite, 50, the archbishop's personal emissary, dropped out of sight in Befrut Jan. 20, 1967 while trying to negotiate the release of two U.S. hostages. He was on his fifth mission to Lebanon. He is widely believed to have been taken captive by Iranian-backed extremists. "We have had further assurances this weekend from Iranian sources that the three British hostages are alive," Keatley said. "We stiff have no concrete proof of this," she said.
"The information comes via a channel that we think is reliable but which we do not wish to identify." Churches across Britain were reciting a prayer Sunday written by the archbishop. On Sanday, McCarthy had been missing for 1,278 days and Keenan for 1,283 days, about 3½ years. No group has claimed to hold them or Watte

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Israeli soldiers examining identity papers in Beit Sahour in the occupied West Bank

# Israelis press ahead with Beit Sahour raids

(Agencies) - Israeli troops and tax collectors have seized goods worth a million dollars from Palestinians refusing to pay taxes in the besieged West Bank town of Beit Sahonr, an informed Israeli source said Sunday.

Other sources told Renters the Israeli general in charge of the occupied West Bank had told his staff not to talk about the tax

Domestic appliances, furniture, cars, machinery and merchandise have been seized from dozens of Palestinians boycotting taxes in protest at the Israeli

occupation.
Palestinians say the raids intensified in the last week and at least 30 people in Beit Sahour had been arrested for refusing to pay income tax: The army declined comment but one Israeli source quoted by Reuters said the num-

ber of arrests was lower. Sources said Major-General Yitzhak Mordechai, the tough new bead of Israel's central command, ordered army spokesmen to give no information on Beit Sahour to stem the growth of an international protest campaign.

'All I can tell you is that Beit Sabour is a closed military area. We have no other information,"

Troops bave cut telephone links and sealed off the approach roads to the town, near Bethlehem, with mounds of earth and rock barriers.

British Consul-General Ivan Callan, who managed to enter Beit Sahour on a back road last week, said the 12,000 residents remained cheerful and determined despite the crackdown.

Diplomats said several countries lodged sharply worded pro-tests with Israel after the army blocked seven West European consuls from visiting the town

Oct. 6 (see page 2).
Sources said the army had dropped its original plan to auction the goods seized at Beit Sahour and would instead dispose

of them in lots by tender. Also Sunday, masked uprising activists killed a Palestinian gardener, who was accused of collaborating with Israel, by shooting him twice in the head at

The victim was identified as Abed Rabu Abu Amra, 24, who was shot as he pruned trees at a U.N.-owned school. Reporters said Abu Amra had been warned last month not to cooperate with

reported shot and wounded in clashes with soldiers Sunday in

the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The death in Gaza took the number of Palestinians killed in the 22-month-old uprising to 685.

Meanwhile an underground leaflet called for general strikes on Oct. 21 and 29 "to reject all conspiracies and assert adherence to the Palestinian peace programme" and a strike on Nov. 9 to mark the start of the uprising's 24th month.

It said Israel's May I4 proposal for elections to choose delegates to negotiate an interim period of limited self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip was an attempt tn liquidate the Palestinian people.

On Saturday, Israeli troops shot dead a Palestinian and wounded at least 15 others during protest marches and clashes in the occupied territories.

him dead.

" In the Gaza Strip, troops shot and wounded at least 15 Palestinians, including a seven-year-old girl shot in the head with live

## 'Constitution vs. Election Law' goes to court

# Bedouin nominees told to contest seats in own regions

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Three contestants who filed their nomination papers in Amman and Irbid to the Nov. 8 elections have been informed by the government that their candidacy applications were not acceptable in the two cities. The three were advised to re-submit their applications in the districts assigned for them.

The candidates, when contacted by the Jordan Times, cited "discrepancy" between the fordanian Constitution and the Election Law as the factor behind the decision.

The governor of Amman informed Mashour Haditheh and Sheikh Naief Khreisha that their applications for candidacy in the Second District of the capital have been rejected and advised the two to re-submit their papers to their original constituency, the central bedouins region.

Terrad Al Qadi, a candidate in Irbid, was informed by the governor of Irbid to re-suhmit his application to the seats assigned for south-Jordan bedouins,

The three have gone to court to contest the governors' decisions. The decision to bar Khreisha, Haditheb and Qadi from running in city constituencies is based on stipulations in the 1986 Election Law which assigned a certain number of seats to Circassians, Shishanis, Christians and be-douins and barred citizens who

fall under these three umbrellas to run in seats assigned to others. But, according to Article 6 of the Jordanian Constitution, which was cited by the candidates as the reason behind the "legitmacy" of their original can-didacy objective, "Jordanians are all equal before the law, without

and regardless of origin, sect, language or religion." Haditheh, when contacted by

the Jordan Times by telephone, asserted that "this decision is not in accordance with the articles of the Constitution and I describe this as an assault on human rights and the Constitution."

He added that the "label of bedouins" had ended 24 years ago, apart from the fact that it does not apply to him personally although he stressed his pride in his bedomn nrigin and his tribe. "I served in Amman and Zarqa for over 40 years. I was boin in Amman. I am a resident of Amman and I pay taxes in Amman."

Haditheh maintained. Khreisha, contacted by telephone in his home in Muwagar, argued: "According to the articles of the Constitution, they cannot ban me from running in the districts of Amman."

A lawyer, who asked to remain anonymous, said that the rejection of the candidacies was "wrong and contradicts the Con-

Although he understood the legal basis for the government's decision, the lawyer said, "there shouldn't be anything that can stop bedouins from running in other districts.

Haditheb said he had faith in the Jordanian legal system and its "honour and purity," but ex-pressed hope that the first instance court, where the candidates will contest the government's de-cision, will base its decision on "the original law (Constitution) and not the wrong interpretations

If the first instance court rules against the candidates, the decision will be deemed final and cannot be contested.

discrimination in rights and duties their respective district if the gov- decision in court.

Palestinian leaders debate

### W. Banker turned down

AMMAN (J.T.) — The nomina-tion of Nimr Sirhan Al Tamimi as a candidate in the Fifth District of Amman has been rejected on grounds that the nominees is not eligible to run for seats in the Jordanian Parliament in wake of the Kingdom's severance of links with the occupied West Bank last year, the Jordan News Agency. Petra, reported.

The decision, issued by the governor of Amman, said that persons originally residing on the occupied West Bank and holding two-year Jordanian passports and working for the Pales-tine Liheration Organisation (PLO) cannot stand for elections in Jordan in accordance with Paragraph A of Article 28 of the 1986 Election Law and its amendments," according to Petra.

It further noted that Tamimi

was an employee at the embassy of the State of Palestine in Amman and the provisions of Paragraph A of Article 28 of the 1986 Election Law and its amendments apply to him.

Ministry of Interior officials said later Sunday that the nomination of a woman from Ajoun, Huda Rabadi, was also rejected on the ground that she is carrying an American passport.

ernor's decision was upheld hy the court, Haditheb and Khreisha both said: "There will be no chance of that now."

Qadi was not available for comment, but his family confirmed that be had received a letter from the governor in Irbid and has already contested the

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday meets with American Islamic leader Imam Shamsuddin Ali and a delegation accompanying him (Petra photo)

## Regent meets U.S. Islamic scholar

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal and academic relations between the Regent, Sunday received al institutions in Jordan.
Imam Shamsuddin Ali, a prominent Muslim leader and director was ready tn provide every general of the Islamic School in help to strengthen cultural rela-

bappiness with his meeting with interest in establishing cultural general.

Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Islamic school and education-

Philadelphia in the United States. Imam Shamsnddin voiced munity in the U.S. and Jordan.

Prince Hassan said that Jordan was ready to provide every possible tinns between the Muslim com-

The meeting was attended hy Prince Hassan and expressed his the Royal Court secretary

# Rightists table position in Taif

TAIF, Sandi Arabia (Agencies) Right-wing Lebanese Christians gave Arab mediators written proposals Sunday for a new timetable for a Syrian troop withdrawal, deputies at peace talks in Saudi Arabia said.

Bnt their leader, Georges Saadeh, also declared that members of parliament could not take sole responsibility for settling the

Saadeh and his colleagues are under pressure from Christian army commander Michel Aoun, who heads an interim government in Lebanon's Christian en-

He was publicly warned that the people will not forgive any deputy wbo makes concessions

on Lebanon's sovereignty. Aoun declared a "war of liberation" against the Syrian military presence in Lebanon last March and remains deeply suspi-

cious of the Taif peace talks. Conference sources said Saadeb and five other east Beirut members of parliament gave mediators proposals for a quicker start to the two-year Syrian redeployment to eastern Lehanon and

a firm deadline for a complete

withdrawal from the country. A "national reconciliation charter" under study at the Taif talks gives the Syrians two years to pull back to the eastern Bekaa Valley, starting from the time parliament passes political re-forms in favour of Muslims.

The Christians acknowledged that a quick withdrawal would leave a security vacuum and allow unruly militias to seize 70 per cent of the territory now under Syrian control. But they insisted two

years was too long. Saadeh said: "We are asking for guarantees, clarifications and amendments on the sovereignty (Syrian withdrawal) clause" of

the reconciliation chapter. clause, the rest of the agreement collapses," he said Saturday in an

"If we don't agree on that

Radio Monte Carlo. Saudi Arabia, spearheading

Arab League efforts on Lebanon's behalf, was in contact this weekend with both Syria and Iraq seeking their belp in bringing their allies in Lebanon to demonstrate more flexibility.

King Fahd sent a message to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, the second since the Taif sessions began, while his foreign minister, Prince Saud Al Faisal, conferred by telephone with Syrian Vice President Abdul Halim Khaddam. Details of the contacts were not disclosed.

Syria's main allies in Lebannn, Druze leader Walid Junblatt and his Shi'ite ally, Nabih Berri, headed for Damascus Sunday for talks with Khaddam, Beirut radio stations reported.

Junblatt heads the Progressive Socialist Party (PSP), and Berri commands the mainstream Shi'ite Amal faction. They face Anun's troops and the Lebanese Forces coalition of right-wing militia headed hy Samir Geagea.

Any agreement in Taif will require the approval of Anun and the militia factions, the effective authority on the ground. Government control has been eroded by the civil war.

Kazem Khalil, a moderate Shi'ite parliamentarian, stressed to reporters that all differences on the first chapter of the peace plan dealing with political reforms had been eliminated.

"We have reached full agreement nn the first clause (chapter) dealing with political reforms, and that includes the number of seats in parliament, the role of the army and abolishing nf sectar-

ianism." he said.

Khalil, 88, the eldest member of parliament, would not elabo-Deputies said the Arab

mediators advised the Christians to sound out their Muslim colleagues on their ideas first and offered in step in later if necessary.

### strategy on talks proposals Palestinian sources said Ramadan Mohammad Kawasmi, 18, point-blank range in the Gaza was painting nationalist Palesti-BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Palestinian people for self-deter-Strip town of Rafah, reporters man slogans in the West Bank mination... and the establishment Palestinian leaders met Sunday in town of Hebron when Israeh the Iraqi capital seeking a comof its independent state," he troops came upon him and shot mon strategy towards U.S. and quoted Arafat as saying.

Egyptian proposals for direct Palestinian-Israeli peace negotia-

The Palestine Central Council convened at the Palestine embassy in downtown Baghdad under

tight security. The council, comprising 108 members, acts as an intermediary between the Palestine National Council (PNC), and the 15-man executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). It meets for policy-making decisions in between the usually annual sessions of the 450-member PNC.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat told the council any elections in the occupied territories would have to be impartial.

A Palestinian spokesman said Arafat spoke at the opening session of "the necessity of guaran-teeing the impartiality of the elec-

The election process should be part of a comprehensive plan to find a just settlement for the Palestinian problem, taking into consideration the right of the The council is also expected to

see lively debate over the next two days on the faltering PLO dialogue with Washington. The dialogue opened in December last year after Arafat

recongised Israel's right to exist and renounced terrorism. But PLO leaders have voiced dissatisfaction with its progress, saying the United States was us-

ing the talks solely to press for acceptance of Israel's proposals for elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip leading to limited self-rule. PLO spokesman Ahmad Abdul Rahman said the council

would discuss "all peace ideas that have been floating in recent months and will issue a policy statement. Arafat was expected to come

under pressure from hardliners to ontrightly reject the proposals by Israel, Egypt and the United States which have either ruled out any PLO participation, or left its role vague.

Egypt has offered to host Israeli-Palestinian talks. But

Shamir, renewing his criticism of U.S.-Egyptian mediation efforts, told the Israeli newspaper Maariv that there was no need to go to Cairo for talks.

Sources in Shamir's right-wing Likud party said they hoped the PLO would reject Baker's five points, easing the pressure on Israel to accept the American ideas, which Shamir views with deep suspicion. Hardline Palestinian leaders,

Nayef Hawatmeh who head the two largest factions after Arafat's Fatch, have been pushing for ontright condemnation of the proposals circulating. Faisal Al Husseini, from the West Bank and head of a Jerusalem-based think-tank, told the

mainly George Hahash and

London-hased Arabic-language newspaper Al Sharq Al Awsat that Palestinian support for Egypt's policy was not unconditional.
"It depends on the specifications of the role," he said. "If it is

positive and helps push our Palestinian cause forward, then it is acceptable. "Otherwise, we will have a

totally different situation."

### Asylum-seeking Germans on the rise in

WARSAW (Agencies) - More East German refugees came to the West German embassy Sunday in hopes of being allowed to go West, while nearly 1,000 others waited anxiously for their promised departure.

Poland and East Germany agreed Saturday to allow refugees at the embassy or other shelters to obtain travel documents from the East German embassy in Warsaw and then travel to wherever they choose. It was not clear whether the agreement would apply to East Germans arriving in Poland Sunday or afterwards.

Bonn, speaking on condition of not being identified, said the departures would begin Monday. On Saturday, the Polish news

persuaded East German authorities to let them travel to Poland using a holiday invitation from a

The father said he was motivated to leave by the fierce police crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrations that swept East Germany during last week's observance of the 40tb anniversary of the country's founding.

Rather than being inspired by the outbreak of opposition activity in the hardline Communist agency PAP said Poland greeted nation, the man said he "with satisfaction" the agreement shocked by the repression. nation, the man said he was "My protest was to leave," be

Other East Germans who have arrived in Warsaw in the last week have also cited police brutality as the reason behind their In Boun, government sources

said they expected travel passes to be issued gradually by East Germany's Warsaw embassy over a period of days beginning Monday to avoid a mass exodus. The asylum-seekers, who ar-

rive in the first instance at West Germany's embassy in Warsaw, are being housed in residences and holiday camps in and around Warsaw.

many, Poland and West Germany, meanwhile, were discussing how the refugees would journey to West Germany, with air travel

one possibility

Two special trains took some 1,500 East Germans from Warsaw to West Germany last week hut the Boun sources said East Berlin would not provide the trains again.

The sources said it was not clear if East Germany would expel the refugees or grant normal exit visas.

It was also unclear for how long exit papers would be issued to those who continued to use the West German embassy in War-

saw as an escape route. Polish diplomatic sources, however, indicated that the issuing of emigration papers by the East German embassy was likely to become a permanent

Polish Foreign Minister Krzysztof Skubiszewski said last

Thursday he apposed deporting East Germans who had entered Poland illegally although he also wished to preserve good relations with East Berlin.

Apart from the refugees, 80,000 East Germans have moved to West Germany with legal exit visas this year. Those who leave without official permissinn, sometimes after waiting years for visas, are guilty of

fleeing the republic." a crime. West German border police said the total of East Germans quitting their bomeland illegally for West Germany since the beginning of July reached 52,075 Sunday morning. Most fled

across Hungary. East German travel restrictions to Hungary and Czechoslovakia cut the daily flood drastically last

## a military spokesman said Israeli officials. Uprising leaders, Shamir assail American proposals

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Underground leaders of the Palestinian uprising and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir dealt a double blow Sunday to U.S. efforts, tn hring about Israeli-Palestinian peace talks in

The uprising leadership urged Palestinians to "reject the suspicious American role, foremost of which is the five-point proposal of (Secretary of State) James

In their 47th leaflet, distributed in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, they stressed that only the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO) could appoint Palestinian delegates to peace talks. Shamir meanwhile told the

Israeli newspaper Maariv there was no need for talks in Cairo at all, since Israel would only talk to Palestinians from the occupied territories and would not let the PLO play any role.

Who says it was to be m Cairo? Why go all the way to Cairo when both sides, Israelis and Palestinians, are here?" the bardline Israeb leader asked. It was his most outspoken re-

jection to date of any Egyptian mediation role. The director-general of Shamur's office, Yossi Ben-Aharon, told Israel radio the message was that Israel would not agree to the participation of Palestinians from

outside the territories or to any

process leading towards a Palesti-The Unified Leadership of the Uprising, a coalition of nationalmust be held within the framework of an international peace conference and cover Palestinian demands for self-determination and statehood.

But Shamir said any talks prior to Israeli-proposed elections in the territories would be purely technical and Isrel would send bureaucrats...not statesmen or politicians \*

Baker last week proposed a five-point framework for Israeli-Palestinian talks on elections and other issues in Cairo, giving Egypt a major role in arranging the Palestinian delegation through contacts with Israel and Washington. He intervened after Israel's in-

party, rejected Egypt's invitation to talks with PLO-backed delegation in Cairo. Likud sources said they were counting on the Palestine Central Council, meeting in Baghdad, to reject the Baker formula and take

ner cabinet, due to the blocking vote of Shamir's rightist Likud

the pressure off Israel to respond. Shamir has objected to three of Baker's points, saying they allow Egypt to consult the PLO, do not give Israel a clear veto on Palestinian delegates and would allow Palestinians to raise demands unrelated to elections in the pre-

liminary talks. Critics accuse Shamir of wanting to ensure his own initiative never has to be implemented by setting terms which the Palestimans are bound to reject. Shamir's right-wing Likud bloc

opposes any contact with the PLO. But leaders of the Labour Party, Likud's partners in the coalition cahinet, increasingly have spoken of the need to talk at least to PLO supporters.

Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, a key Labour figure, said in an interview Friday that Israel had no other choice.

"If we say that we are not prepared to negotiate with Palestinians who have views similar to the PLO outlook, or who are members of the PLO, then we have nn Palestinians for negotia-tions," Rabin told the left-wing

Al Hamishmar newspaper, Contacts are still ongoing be-tween the United States, Egypt and Israel on the Baker proposal for a meeting of the three countries' foreign ministers, Israel's ambassador to Cairo said

Shimon Shamir spoke to repor-

ters following a one-hour meeting

in Cairo with Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid. Shamir returned to the Egyptian capital Saturday after consultations with his government. "We are at a sensitive and important stage in the peace process and (Israeli Foreign Minister) Mr. Moshe Arens and Mr.

Abdul Meguid want to get to

know each other's viewpoints

thoroughly," Shamir said. "I am carrying a verbal message from Mr. Arens which clarifies Israel's position," he said. "Israel's point of view is based on Israel's 14... initiative which ourlines three stages for elections."

reached in Warsaw by East German Deputy Foreign Minister Harry Ott and Polish Foreign Minister Krzysztof Skubiszewski. Among those arriving at the West German embassy in Warsaw Sunday was a family who had

A West German official in

The governments of East Ger-

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

NICOSIA (R) - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia appointed Moham mad Ibn Jubeir as justice minister Saturday, the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) reported. Inbeir, a minister of state without portfolio, had been acting justice minister since Sheikh Ibrahim Al Sheikh resigned in May for health reasons.

Vassiliou leaves Bahrain for Singapore

BAHRAIN (R) — Cypriot President George Vassilion left

Bahrain Sunday for Singapore after talks with the Emir, Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al Khalifa. The Gulf News Agency said the leaders discussed regional spending and bilateral ties after Vassilion arrived Saturday. It added that Vassilion would go to Malaysia,

where a conference of Commonwealth leaders begins Wednesday,

SIRNAK, Turkey (R) - Turkish forces killed seven Kurdish

rebels, including two women, near the south eastern town of Eruh Saturday night, security sources said. The Marxist guerrillas were shot dead in fighting which was continuing in rugged areas north of the Iraqi border, they said. Nearly 2,000 people have been killed

since mid-1984 when the Kurdish Workers Party launched a

campaign for autonomy for Turkey's estimated eight million Kurds.

ANKARA (R) — Ankara celebrated its 66th anniversary as

Turkey's capital by opening a 127-metre (380-foot) tower looming over its skyline. It is called Atakule, the fathertower, a tribute to

Built on a hilltop and designed by Turkish architect Ragip Buluc,

the line and white tower has a revolving restaurant in its mushroom shaped cap and a 200-shop arcade. Under a build-

operate-transfer scheme completed in less than three years at a cost of 20 billion lira (\$9 million), the builders, Kuthutas A.S., the

state-owned Vakiflar Bankasi and two private financers will

NICOSIA (AP) - A Tehran newspaper Saturday criticised a

Vatican official for claiming Islamic countries were racist, trying to impose their beliefs on religious minorities. Iran's official Islamic

Republic News Agency (IRNA) said the daily Abrar was respond-

ing to a statement by Archbishop Renato Martino, the permanent Vatican observer at the United Nations. The agency, which is

monitored in Nicosia, did not say when and where Renato's alleged

anti-Islamic statement was made. It quoted Abrar as saying that although Muslims regard international Zionism and the United

States as the eternal enemies of Islam, yet a spirit of peaceful coexistence with Jewish and Christian minorities and reciprocal

respect exists in Islamic lands. Abrar said that Jews and Christians

live in complete freedom in Islamie countries. It added that in

Islamic Iran there were hundreds of synagogues and churches with

their services relayed by Iran's state television. "In contrast Muslims have not been allowed to build a mosque in Rome for

TEL AVIV (AP) — The former head of Israel's air force intelligence said Saturday the Syrian MiG-23 fighter jet flown to

Israel this week provides the West with "a first hand touch" on

advanced Soviet-designed avionics. "It is a dream come true for

every chief of intelligence to have (hold of) an enemy aircraft which

... can now be evaluated and test flown, "said Reserve Brig. Gen. Oded Erez. Erez is a former Israeli fighter pilot and served as head

of the air force intelligence. He also commanded Israel's air

defences. He spoke on Israel Radio's English language broadcast.

He said the MiG-23, which was landed in Israel by a Syrian Air

Force pilot Wednesday, contains advanced avionics, missile and warning systems and radar that Israel and the West have not been

Iraq prepares for

Syrlan MiG-23 offers intelligence gains

Tehran newspaper criticises Vatican

operate the tower for 30 years.

( The Lat )

Mustafa Kemal Ataturk, the founder of the Turkish Republic.

Ankara inaugurates landmark tower

Turkish forces kill 7 Kurdish rebels.

after his Singapore visit.

King Fahd appoints justice minister

# Reluctant U.S. dragged into peace process

By Alan Elsner

WASHINGTON - Slowly. somewhat against its will, the United States is being dragged centre stage in efforts to draw Israelis and Palestinians around a negotiating table to talk about Middle East peace.

"The Middle East was not high on the (President George Bush's) administration's agenda. The last thing it wanted was to get drag-ged into that briar patch," said Geoffrey Kemp, a senior associate with the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, a

"But both Israel and Egypt are pushing for Washington to do more, though each has very different expectations, and the focus has switched back to the adminis-

tration," be said.
One Middle Eastern diplomat put it more bluntly — "The administration didn't want to get its hands dirty on the Middle East, but now they are in there up to the elbows.

The event which flushed the administration out into the open was last week's rejection by Israel's inner cahinet of an Egyptian hlueprint designed to pave the way for Palestinian elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Secretary of State James Baker had endorsed Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's 10-point plan which he said fleshed out and did not contradict an original fourpoint election proposal from Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak

But Shamir's right-wing Likud Party, senior partner in the fractured and fractious Israeli coalition, has demanded a veto over members of the Palestinian delegation with which it would negotiate the terms of the elec-

Officials said Likud ministers wanted to exclude supporters of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) or at least minimise the PLO's influence.

Faced with stalemate, Baker had intensive telephone consultations with the foreign ministers of Egypt and Israel and put together a five-point document which officials describe as a further gloss on the Shamir and Muharak initia-

Egypt would consult Palestinians on the composition of the Palestinian delegation but would not speak on their behalf while Israel would attend the talks only if it was satisfied with the composition of the Palestinian delegation.

The fifth point, to be implemented after the first four were agreed, would involve a meeting of the three foreign ministers in Washington.

### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

Administration officials took pains to emphasise that the five points did not constitute a "Baker plan" to set alongside the Shamir and Mubarak plans.

"It's not a plan, it's not a proposal — it's just points," said State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler.

But the paper was immediately condemned by right-wing Israeli ministers as a U.S. ploy to put pressure on Israel. Three rightwing ministers rallied several hundred supporters in Tel Aviv to protest against the "Baker

According to John Hannah, deputy director of the Washington Institute for Near East Policy, Baker was anxious to avoid the mistake of his predecessor George Shultz by linking his per-sonal prestige too closely to the success or failure of the efforts.

The sense is that the time is still not ripe for a full-hlown American initiative because, then, everyone could sit back and take shots at it," he said.

The administration assumes that there will be a bloc inside the Likud opposed to anything and everything but it is banking on the hope that Shamir can still carry something through" he said.

Officials said Baker was still working on his five points with Israel and Egypt and that both countries had raised concerns ab-

Kemp said be expected the Washington meeting of foreign ministers to go ahead but would be surprised if anything substantive emerged from it.

"The administration has to approach Israel now with a mixture of carrots and sticks. Israel must he made aware that its support is slipping within the U.S. Congress and that conces-According to Israel Radio, the sions are now called for on its points merely reiterated that part," he said.

### Kabul invites U.S. to inspect missile base

KABUL (R) — Afghanistan has invited U.S. officials to inspect a missile hase near Kahul in an attempt to disprove allegations that it is secretly operated hy Soviet military experts.

Government spokesman Mohammad Amani has dismissed as "baseless" reports in U.S. newspapers quoting Central Intelligence Agency sources as saying 300 Soviet military personnel were stationed at the base to oversee the firing of Soviet Scud missiles at rebel positions.

The reports said the presence of the Soviet experts would be a breach of the Geneva accords under which Moscow withdrew the last of its 110,000 troops from Afghanistan in February.

The Afghanistan authorities are prepared to accept U.S. experts to visit and check whether they feel there are Russian advisers including the station where Scud missiles are fired," Amani said. 'The accusations are base-

Western reporters might also be allowed to visit the base,

Foreign diplomats in the Afghan capital said it was highly unlikely the United States would take up such an invitation.

The Soviet Union has kept up heavy supplies of arms, food and vital equipment to the govern-ment of President Najihullah since its troop pullout in February. Some 20 to 30 Soviet transport planes land in Kahul daily.

The aid has helped Najihullah's government defy predictions that it would collapse soon after the Soviet withdrawal and even strengthened its hold over Afghanistan's cities and key roads.

For its part, Kabul has issued hundreds of protests since Fehruary against what it says are hreaches of the Geneva accords hy the United States and Pakistan, main hackers of the Mujahedeen rebels.

Amani said the Muiahedeen were planning a major attack on Jalalabad close to the Pakistan border, in an operation he alleged was orchestrated by the United States and Pakistan.



SUPPORT FROM THE REFUGEE CAMPS: Young masked Palestinians carry a gian1 stingshot during a demonstration in Ain Al Hilweb refugee camp in the southern Lebanese port city of Sidon to mark the beginning of the 23rd month of the Palestinian uprising in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank.

## Osama Al Baz — the brains that steer Cario's diplomacy

By John Fullerton Reuter.

CAIRO — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and his ministers make the grand decisions. But it is Osama Al Baz who from the shadows offers advice and stitches Egypt's Arab-Israeli policy together. Little is known about him. Baz,

58, prefers it that way. He likes cigars, pizzas and classical music and shuns both publicity and the visible trappings of wealth associ-ated with high public office. "We can't get anywhere near

him," says one senior Western diplomat, "I've been here three years and maybe shaken his hand twice. That's as near as we get to His official rank, that of first

under-secretary at the Foreign Ministry, belies the enormous influence he wields as adviser to Mubarak on Middle East peace diplomacy. Former colleagues say his ideas

are central to Egypt's formulation of policy towards the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel. Behind the latest proposal to hold the first Israeli-Palestinian talks in Cairo lies Baz's hidden hand, guiding and

office, diplomats say.
"He's very prickly," says one

visitor to the presidency. "He sat down opposite me while I was waiting to see the president and blew eigar smoke in my face and tried to find out all he could about me. I was quite unnerved hy his questions."

A Palestinian acquintance commented: "He is an aggressive

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R)

- Israel is considering steps

against a British diplomat who

questioned the shooting of a Palestinian, charging that the en-

voy entered two West Bank

towns without permission, Israel

It quoted a foreign ministry

spokesman as saying that Consul-

General Ivan Callan had gone

into two towns in the Israeli-

occupied West Bank against

The ministry was exploring

what diplomatic measures it

could take against Callan, the

Television has said.

military closure orders.

report said.



Osama Al Raz

negotiator and very, very bright." The diminntive, conservatively-dressed civil servant is valued for his experience, his wide-ranging contacts throughout be Arab World, his incorruptible image and his loyalty.

"He can summarise everything you ever wanted to know about Egyptian foreign policy in five minntes, or be can lecture you for three hours without telling you a thing," says one veteran Egyptian Colleagues of his say he shows

no appetite for the status symbols of power. Apparently be owns no palatial villas, and has never to anyone's knowledge ever owned his own car. He relaxes in his office after

For top PLO officials, for U.S.

Amhassador Frank Wisner as well as high-level envoys from on his desk, loosening his collar on his desk, loosening his collar other Arab capitals, the way to Muharak lies through Baz's and turning np Mozart, acquaint-ances say. Outside the office he has been

glimpsed munching on a pizza in an inexpensive restaurant, queuing to pay his son's school fees or being driven to work in a black government Mercedes. Still, the U.S.-educated lawver remains an enigma.

For the Egyptian journalists covering the Camp David negotiations hetween Israel and

in the Israeli-occupied territories,

visited Nablus and Beit Sahour

He quoted a Nablus woman as

saying that on Monday Israeli

troops had shot dead Palestinian

student Nidal Al Habash after he

had stopped and raised his hands

He quoted her as saying troops

"I heard her account from the

place where she saw the event

and it seemed to be a credible

account," Callan said. "There is

cause for serious concern... this

shot the student three more times

as be lay on the ground.

Wednesday.

in surrender.

Israel considers steps against British envoy

as a hawk, constantly prodding the late President Anwar Sadat into demanding more from Israel.

Despite his reputation as a tough negotiator with solid Arab nationalist credentials, he con-stantly strove to present Sadat's policies in the best possible light, at

least publicly.
"When Sadat's star was fading and everyone was jumping ship, it was Baz who accompanied Sadat on his visit to occupied Jerusalem and he was among the bandful who stood by Sadat when he signed the peace treaty with Israel in 1979," recalls one veteran reporter. It was also Baz who played an

important role behind the scenes in helping Mubarak mend Arah ties that had been broken by the treaty, and it was he who reportedly helped ensure that despite the Arab boycott, contact was kept with the PLO. Baz was out of Cairo last November when PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat declared the establishment of a Palestinian state. "Egypt dithered for some time, but I noticed that the very day Osama was back in town Egypt announced its recognition of Palestinian statehood," says one

diplomat. "He's the great wheeler-dealer, hard to get to and extremely shrewd," he adds. "Intellectually he's very sharp and always illuminating to talk to. His modest way of life is all part of his being

invisible." Some Egyptians call Baz the Henry Kissinger of Egypt, but one joke circulating on Cairo's cocktail circuit has the former U.S. secretary of state pacing up and down his Washington office and patting himself on the back, muttering: "I'm the Osama Al Baz of the United States."

deserves to be investigated."

The army has denied the

eyewitness report and said that a

preliminary investigation by the

area military commander found

"the soldiers behaved correctly

It said military police had laun-

Callan was not immediately

Foreign ministry spokesman.

Spokesman denies TV report

Yosi Amihud told Reuters Sun-

day "The foreign ministry will relate to the subject in all its

possible aspects on receiving all

according to all procedures."

ched a separate inquiry.

available for comment.

### IEC envoys to visit Mideast

ESCLIMONT, France (R) Three Enropean Community (EC) foreign ministers plan a Middle East tour in November and hope to meet Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, diplomats said Sunday. The three ministers — from

Spain, France and Ireland — also want to visit Israel for talks on peace prospects in the region but arranging dates was proving difficult, the diplomats added.

They were speaking after a two-day informal meeting of EC foreign ministers in France.
Three current Middle East peace plans, drawn up by the United States, Egypt and Israel,

are certain to be at the centre of next month's discussions. The 12-nation EC favours an international conference on the Middle East conflict, rejecting Israeli government fears that such

an assembly would seek to impose a settlement. The EC three ministers represent the past, present and foture incumbents of the hloc's alternating presidency.

The diplomats said the three hoped to meet Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Arafat in Tunisia Nov. 11 before heading to Cairo for talks the

next day with Mubarak. Israel declined to receive a previous EC mission which visited the region in February because of the membership of Greece, Israel deems Greece to

be too overtly pro-Palestinian. But the diplomats did not indi-cate that Israel was opposed to meeting the latest mission. They said Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Moshe Arens both had busy travel schedules and suitable dates had not yet been arranged.

He said an Israel television

"The television correspon-

He denied saying to Israel

Television that Israel was con-

sidering steps against Callan for

entering the two West Bank

**FOR THE TRAVELLER** 

**QUEEN ALIA** 

**INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT** 

dent's attribution was not cor-

lan was not true.

those things."

rect," Amihud said.

governor of Fao, a port city which had a population of about 50,000, is Najib Mohammad Salman, who has already assumed office report Saturday that the foreign ministry was considering steps along with other government offiagainst consul-general Ivan Cal-

> Iraq is planning for grand celebrations Oct. 25 to mark the inauguration of the new city and its reopening to the civilian population, evacuated im-mediately after the war broke out

towns. Amihud said: "I did not say The army has denied the eyewitness report on the killing.

opening of new Fao Hadithi said life will return to normal in the city, which lies on

BAGHDAD (AP) — The government has appointed a new governor for the war-devastated population will be allowed to return, the governor of neighbouring Basra said Saturday. Anwar Saced Al Hadithi told

able to examine before hand.

the Associated Press in a telephone interview that the new

cials. in September 1980.

President Saddam Hussein has sent special envoys to all Arab leaders inviting them to attend word yet on who is coming,

the west bank of the Shatt Al city of Fao just days before the Arab Waterway. The ceasefire and line runs down the middle of the disputed waterway. Hadithi said all the main re-

building projects have been com-pleted in the city, virtually des-

troyed during the eight-year Gulf war with Iran. The government has rebuilt offices, schools, hospitals and repaved the city streets.

The Basra governor said the government has allocated plots of land to each family who used to live in Fao to rebuild a new house in addition to more than 10,000 dinars (\$30,000). Locals are expected to start

building their houses as soon as they return, he said. Hadithi said all rivers and the irrigation system in the area were cleaned so that farmers can start the celebrations, but there is no planting for the comig winter growing season.

MARKET PRICES

.... Paris (AF)

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

### Programme review ildren programmes .... Flying Doctors Local programme 19:49 28:09 20:30 21:30 .. Programme review ...... News in Arabic Arabic series Local program News summary in Arabic ...... Des Chiffres et de lettres ... Les Pique Assiettes ...... News in French Weekly Sport magazine 19:30 19:45 Golden Girls 26:30 ... News in English

PRAYER TIMES

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CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, 632785. Church of the Annunciation Terrasenta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, 628543. Armeniau Catholic Church 771331. 775261. Amman Juternational Church Tel Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932.

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Another rise in temperatures will occur and winds will be northerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be

# **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

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	Aqaba
	Deserts 14 / 30
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Dr. Daoud Samhouri 6	89535
Dr. Nabil Al Maridi 6	15338
Dr. Kayed Halaygeh 7	93522
Dr. Bassim Al Qaddoumi 6	46024
Firas pharmacy 6	61912
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Dr. Munther Al Sheikh Salem	. (—)

### **EMERGENCIES**

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Fire Brigade
Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 605800
Hotel Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
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Telephone Information
Telephone Information (directory assistance)
(Curectory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111
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Water Authority 680100
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615
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IT SEEMS that everyone wants to elect a winner. Very few voters want to create new one. In the Third District, especially, this mentality is creating a dilemma among voters. Candidates in the district have used large amounts of money dedicated to technological superiority which, with a push of a button, can give a candidate a formula for success.

In the past few weeks I have endeavoured to interview as many "winners" in the capital district. I conducted 32 interviews and many of those were in the Third District. It struck me that each and everyone of them used a few minutes of the interview to appeal to me as a voter in that district and presented me with a "winning formula which seemd invincible, leaving me baffled as to how my 12 "winners" will fit in the three seats allocated to the district.

BANNERS emblazened with campaign pledges and ideas are drawing mixed reactions from the voters. Some maintain that 'these are wonderful ideas but who will implement them?" Others feel that these banners are the ultimate in democracy.

A CANDIDATE walked into Amman Governorate to hand in his application form to the governor. But he had to seek help from another candidate sitting next to him to check his papers since he did not know how to read or write.

Sheikh Abdul Munim Abu Zant, a renowned Islamic fundamentalist, told the Jordan Times that His Majesty King Hussein's speech two weeks ago on parliament and elections "was very clear, since His Majesty discussed fundamentalism which has led to ugly sectarianism in Lebanon and to placing explosives in Mecca during the Haj period." Islamic fundamentalism, Abu Zant said, "is above sectarianism... and those explosions in Mecca contradict the most sacred and sanctity of the faithful." Zant is running in the Second District and has allied himself with another fundamentalist," Dr. Ali Al Hawamdeh.

### **NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

LAWZI RECEIVES FRENCH ENVOY: Upper House of Parliament' Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi Sunday received the French Ambassador to Jordan Denis Bouchard and reviewed with him bilateral cooperation, particularly in the parliamentary field. (Petra KEILANI MEETS FARMERS' COMMITTEE: Minister of Water and Irrigation Mobammad Saleb Keilani Sunday said that the ministry is always keen on safeguarding the rights of farmers and that it allocates the residential areas and the agricultural units, in accordance with the rules in force at the Jordan Valley Authority. At a meeting with the Farmers Selection Committees in the Jordan Valley, Keilani called nn the committees to allocate the land as soon as possible and to submit a comprehensive report to the authority's board of directors. (Petra)

SAKET, SYRIAN MINISTER HOLD TALKS: Agriculture Minister Bassam Al Saket, who is acting Planning Minister discussed with the Syrian Planning Minister Qasem Miqdad means of bolstering bilateral cooperation in the field of regional planning. The Syrian minister arrived Sunday at the bead of a delegation on a week-long visit to Jordan, in response to an invitation extended to him by his Jordanian counterpart Ziad Fariz. The Syrian delegation will visit the Jordan Valley Authority projects, Hammad Basin, Jordan Industrial Estates Corporation and other industrial and agricultural projects in the Mafrao Governorate. (Petra)

KHAMMASH TO HEAD TEAM FOR BAGHDAD TALKS: Transport and Telecommunication Minister Hikmat Khammash wil bead the Jordanian delegation to the Council of Arab Transport Ministers and its executive bureaue meetings, which will be beld in Baghdad on Oct. 18. The delegation will also take part in the Arab Maritime Bridge Company (AMBC) meetings, which will be held there on Oct. 23.

'CUSTOMERS COME FIRST': Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental bas signed an agreement with Reuters for the botel and business centre package service, thus nffering a wide range of real time information to satisfy the needs of the botcl guests in keeping with it's policy "customers come first." Now, the botel guests can have direct access to the world's leading news and financial information. (J.T.)

125 FOREIGN FIRMS BLACKLISTED: The Ministry of Finance bas blacklisted 125 foreign companies for violating laws related to Arab boycott of Israel. The ministry also lifted 56 companies from the blacklist for complying with the boycott regulations. (Petra)

AMMAN TO ATTEND ISLAMIC CONFERENCE: Greater Amman Municipality will participate in the 13th session of the Organisation of Islamic Capitals and Cities (OICC) board of directors and the 6th session of the Organisation of Islamic Capitals and Cities Fund (OICCF) board of directors scheduled to convene in Islamabad on Nov. 15. The two-day discussions will deal with means to develop cooperation among Arab capitals and matters related to OICCF. Greater Amman Mayor Ali Suheimat and municipality official Ra'if Nijim will represent the Greater Amman Municipality to the sessions. (Petra)

SSC TO MARK 11TH ANNIVERSARY: The Social Security Corporation (SSC) Monday celebrates its 11th anniversary. On the occasion a number of new nffices and branches will be opened in various parts of the country. The SSC Director General Mahdi Al Farhan will hold a press conference on that day during which he will. review the corporation's achievements and its future plans. (Petra)

WORKSHOP ON EDUCATION: The United Nations Educatinnal, Scientific and Cultural Organisation's (UNESCO) regional office for education in the Arab states bolds a regional workshop on preparation of model lessons in demngraphic education on Oct. 22. The workshop aims at exchanging national experience in the field of preparing model lessons and demographic educational material and integrating them in the school curricula for the preparatory and scondary cycles of education. The symposium also aims to identify the best method for teaching demngraphic studies and preparing model lessons. The workshop will be attended by educationalists from ten Arab countries, in addition to representatives from the Arab Gulf Education Office.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- \* An art exhibition by Fuad Mimi and 'Ammar Khammash at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation's Scientific and Cultural
- An Islamic book exhibition displaying a collection of books dealing with economic and literary matters related to Islam in addition to children's books, at the Yarmouk University.
- $\Rightarrow$  A photographic exhibition depicting life as well as historical and archaeological places in Oman at the Yarmonk University.
- ☆ A French film entitled "Around Midnight", shown as part of the French Film Week at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00

# RJ hopes to play leading role in region's future development

nian (RJ) the national airline, hopes to play a leading role in the future development of the region within the framework of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) which groups Iraq, Egypt and North Yemen in addition to Jordan, according to RJ chairman of the board of directors Khaldun Abu Hassan.

Royal Jordanian will make its presence felt and will play a pivotal role in the region's future development through the ACC which sets the example and the pace along the path of Arab economic complementarity and integration, and could provide the nucleus for the creation of an Arab common market, Abu Hassan said in a major address at the opening of RJ's 26th annual marketing and sales conference at Amman Plaza Sunday.

Thanks to the vision and pioneering spirit of His Majesty King Hussein, who has been instrumental in bringing about the formation of the ACC, the Kingdom is poised for economic take off," Abu Hassan nnted.

He said that the ACC was expected to rid itself of barriers to capital and labour mobility, as well as remove constraints to the free flow of goods and services among the member countries.

Directors of sales offices at RJ's stations around the world are taking part in the conference which this year is being held under the slogan: "The way ahead: Challenge and prospects.

In their two-day meeting, the participants will discuss strategies and performance of sales offices, and will bear statements by senior RJ officials and executives.

With reference to RJ's development and successes over the years, Abu Hassan said: "Royal Jordanian has become an example worthy of emulation. Thanks to His Majesty King Hussein's drive and vision and the undaunting spirit of the early pioneers, RJ has become a monument in the everyday life of Jordan.

"In whichever way we look, RJ has left its mark. Its contributions to the national economy — creating jobs, earning foreign exdustry in Amman and the spas dynamism.



Khaldun Abu Hassan

change, facilitating trade and commerce and portraying positive image of Jordan and Jordanians abroad - remain unassailable and will always withstand the test of time.

Referring to recent developments and prospects for the future, Abu Hassan said there are Ints of good things gning for RJ and the country. "For the moment it is sufficient to say that recent management changes reflect policy re-orientation rather than a change of direction. There is indeed a shift of emphasis. Profitability bas become a primary nbjective, though not the sole index of success, which enmeshes well in the new economic thinking that pervades the country today," the chairman noted.

Abu Hassan dwelt on RJ's current situation, describing the institution as a precious legacy and an aviation infrastructure well in

He said: "RJ is already a world class carrier in the true sense of the word. The fleet, the staff and the bilateral air rights that we enjoy across the globe are great things to write home about, Queen Alia International Airport, which is now six years old. is the quintessential of aesthetics and functionality, and will carry us comfortably for our needs beyond the year 2000. The Queen

Ma'in, let alone those planned for the Dead Sea, demonstrate beyond question the vitality and viability of various facets of development in civil air transport and related industries.

"Parallel developments have taken place in other fields such as telecommunications, housing, education and surface transport, which make Jordan, noted for its stability and tranquility, a desirable and efficient place for expatriate firms to conduct their regional business," Abu Hassan

He noted that the devaluation of the Jordanian dinar "seves as a boom to tourism in Jordan."

He also referred to the economic situation by noting that "though our region has been beset by economic woes of some sort, it must be remembered that international air travel bas been booming during the past eight years. We could and should become beneficiaries of this abundance because we too play the routes of abundance, but have not been receiving our rightful share. We need to double our efforts, npgrade our capabilities and conscientiously face up to our responsibilities," Abu Hassan said. "It is central to our image and performance that all departments in RJ strive towards achieving standards of excellence notwithstanding the varying degrees of success that are obtained in the process. For it is the overall view of our operations in their totality that matters most, where harmony and balance are the most important and compelling

features." Abu Hassan added. The RJ chief reminded his audience that the winds of change were sweeping the airline indus-

try rapidly.
From deregulation to European liberalisation to airline globalisation, change is the keyboard, be said. Adding: While we embrace change as a concept, it could be unsettling tn us. But true to the traditions of our founding fathers, we welcome change not for its own sake but because it is a function of our

### Jordan observes World Food Day crease in food production will be

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan along with several countries will observe World Food Day Monday which this year is being held under the slogan "food and the environment.

Jordan will continue to exert every possible effort for the protection of the local environment in a bid to increase its food production and provide a better amosphere for its citizens, Minister of Agriculture Bassam Al Saket said in a statement on the eve of the occasion.

To belp promote international efforts to protect the environment from pollution, Jordan joined 23 other natious last March in signing the Hague Declaration on the protection of the environment, Saket said.

"The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) this year chose the slogan "food and the environment" in order to emphasise the relationship between the two and to underline the need to protect the environment in view of its effect on future life nn Earth," the minister

pointed out. This relationship, be said, "is taking a dangerous turn in the last quarter of the present century, as the world's environment is being threatened as a result of various human activities in industry and in the struggle to produce food, the minister added.

He referred to His Majesty King Hussein's address at the recent regional conference on safeguarding the future in which he noted that the world community now stands at the threshold of a war of a new kind, that of environmental pollution.

This pollution, the minister said, is tantamount to a third world war, threatening all people

Criticising the misuse of different materials in the food production process, the minister said that such practices are causing harm to the Earth and the atmosphere and harming the people. Saket noted that industrialised nations continue to suffer from



Bassam Al Saket

serious environmental problems, and added that for problems to be solved close international cooperation must be launched.

He said should such problems persist, food production will retreat and natural resources like soil and water will be adversely affected, reducing all chances of food production in the future. Saket reviewed Jordan's

acbievements and continued struggle to increase food production through the use of modern techniques and equipment.

Through afforestation, the planting of fruit trees on a wide scale, through soil preservation projects, the releamation of the badia region and through continued control over the use nf pesticides, Jordan hopes to achieve bumper outputs, the minister continued.

He said that combating pollution in all its forms requires constant and unrelenting efforts on the part of all planners, policymakers and farmers whn help

carry out projects. FAO Director General Edouard Saouma issued a message on the eve of World Food Day drawing the world's attention to the fact that the Earth's inhabitants will register an alarming growth by the end of the year 2000, requiring huge increases of food supplies. No less than 40 per cent in-

required if the world is to avoid any bunger problems in the coming century, Saouma noted.
It is impossible to achieve this

objective as long as the agricultural land continues to be misused and the rich soil continues to be eroded," Saouma warned. He said that statistics show that the Earth loses 25,000 million

tonnes of soil annually while different areas of the world continue to be exposed to desert encroachment, drastically reducing the chance for greater crop increases.

Saonma drew attention to the fact that some 3,500 million hectares of land, equal in area to the two Americas have been hit by desertification and that the Earth loses up to seven million hectares of cultivable land annually because of different reasons in the Third World countries alone.

Industrialisation during the 20th century increased by 80 per cent mostly in the last four decades, and this expansion has brought with it further danger to the environment represented in the waste matter, the acid rain and other poisonous material which is dumped in the sea and on the land, both of which can help increase food for the increas-

ing population, Saouma noted. He outlined FAO's endeavours over the past 44 years of its existence and its close cooperation with other countries and international and regional organisations to increase food production, develop fisheries and reclaim land.

We are now facing a serious problem which transcends all frontiers and which requires proper solutions at the national, regional and international levels, Saouma said in an appeal to all

He said that the world community ought to launch cooperatinn to increase food without causing barm to soil fertility, and boost livestock wealth without turning pasture land into barren

# Mauritanian delegation end visit

AMMAN (Petra) - A fourmember Mauritanian delegation led by the director of the Mauritanian Water and Electricity Corporation, Sunday con-cluded a week-long visit to Jordan, during which they held talks with Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) Director General Mohammad Arafah on scopes of cooperation between Jordan and Mauritania.

Arafah discussed with the delegation the reports prepared by the JEA on the tender documents and technical specifications, sub-

mitted by international companies to connect 13 Mauritanian cities and villages with electric

Feasibility study for the project, which will be funded by the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development, has been undertaken by the JEA, in cooperation with a Swiss consulting company.

The Mauritanian delegation has agreed to the offer made by the JEA to carry out a comprehensive study aimed at improving

the administrative, financial and technical efficiency of the Mauritanian corporation.

During its visit to Jordan, the Mauritanian delegation signed an agreement with the JEA, whereby the latter will give training to 13 Mauritanian technicians at JEA training centres.

JEA will also second one of its electric distribution network experts to the Mauritanian corporation for two years to supervise one of the electrification projects, to be carried out by the corpora-



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the

Islamic information centre for pilgrims at Al Nuzha District in Amman (Petra photo)

# Regent highlights importance of projected centre for pilgrims

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - As part of the Kingdom's centre which is expected to do... celebrations of the Prophet Mohammad's Birthday anniversary, the foundation stone was laid Sunday for an Islamic centre at a ceremony organised by the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs and held under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent.

an educational and cultural institution for pilgrims, will be established at Nuzha district of

Addressing the ceremony upon laying the corner stone Prince Hassan underlined the importance of the projected centre which, be said, will be in-strumental in providing pilgrims with essential information about the boly places in Mecca and the Muslims' duties during their performance of their rites.

"As Muslims, we need to acquire further knowledge about our faith and our responsibilities; and as a country, Jordan ought to belp pilgrims obtain such know-ledge which, it is boped, will contribute towards deeper understanding by Muslims of their duties not only in performing the pilgrimage but also in bolstering ties among pilgrims in the Holy Land," Prince Hassan said in his brief address at the ceremony.

The Regent voiced Jordan's en appreciation to King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia for bis continued endeavours to safeguard the boly places, and for his government's constant care to provide the best facilities and safety for the pilgrims.

Furtbermore, the Crown

The centre, which will serve as Prince underlined the duty of giving alms to the poor through the Zakat Fund which is being operated by the Ministry of Aw-

qaf and Islamic Affairs. Awqaf Minister Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat addressed the ceremony pointing out that the projected centre will provide a good service to pilgrims going to Mecca for their rites. "Through this centre, the process of organising transportation and accommodation will be made for the pilgrims in Saudi Arabia."

The centre, the first of its kind in the whole region, will also be used for Islamic book exhibitions during the holy month of Ramadan and other Islamic activities

around the year. Among those attending the. ceremony was Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Salem Masa'deb, Chief Islamic Justice Sheikb Mobammad Mheilan as well as the undersecretary of the Iraqi Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs.

The centre was planned upon directives from Prince Hassan issued to the Ministry of Awgaf following his address to pilgrims going to Mecca three years ago. According to ministry source. lectures on Islamic themes, slide shows and documentary film

Regent receives Iraqi at la

The Regent Sunday received in audience at the Royal Courter. Mohamad Sharif, the Iraqi : mistry of Awaaf and Reli 25 Affairs undersecretary, are his

accompanying delegation. Discussion during the meeting centred on bilateral congertion. in religion-related affirms d Jnrdanian-Iraqi efforts being ... ducted through the ministries of Awgaf in both countries. Prince Hassan stressed the

need for the use of all available means in both countries to serve the Islamic faith in the best interest of Islam and the Muslim people in both nations. The Regent voiced deep sa 3faction with the excellent rela-

tions between Jordan and Ir. under the directives of His Maie. ty King Hussein and President Saddam Hussein. Sharif, for his part, voiced his

country's appreciation to Jordan for its continued support and for the close cooperation being maintained at all levels.

The ministries of Awqaf in Joand Iraq, he said, were go..., ahead with plans to implement a bilateral agreement signed recently on means of promotire religious services and enhancthe Islamic faith in the A

The meeting was attended by Minister of Awqaf and Island Affairs Abdul Azız Al Kaand the ministry's Secretary shows will be organised at the General Ahmad Hilayel.

Public servants cautioned against campaigning

# Candidacy registration slows down

AMMAN (J.T.) — The number of candidates who registered for the Nov. 8 elections in Amman governorate rose to 228 Sunday, with only one day left for those who want to register their names as candidates.

According to official sources at the Amman governor's office, 16 candidates registered their names Sunday, while the 212 did so

On the other end, out of 348,967 voter cards for the governorate, only 103,500 cards were collected as of Sunday.

"People tend to procrastinate. But it is alright, since they still bave time because the last day to collect the cards is Oct. 31," said Ayman Khouri, an official at the

In another development, Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker

its amendments.

ter's statement said.

Sunday issued a statement forbidding all civil servants and employees of public institutions and local authorities from taking part in the election campaigns in favour of any of the candidates. Sharif Zeid referred to Article 64 of the Election Law of 1986 and

Name of the personnel falling under these categories "is allowed to do any campaigning for the elections, nor interfere in the course of events during the elections in favour of any candidate by any means," the prime minis-

.It asked that the order be

circulated among employees of ministries, official departments and public establishments, as well as the Armed Forces and public security personnel. In addition, "personnel working in the fields of parliamentary

elections are not allowed to take

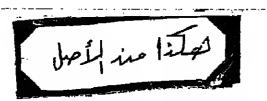
leave that would prevent them

from carrying out their duties." The governor supervising the elections in the Ministry of Interior, Salameh Hammad, was said the total number of candidates registered till midday Sunday reached 153 in Irbid governorate, 42 in Balqa, 61 in Zarqa, 64 in Karak, 28 in Ma'an, 13 in the southern bedouin region, 22 in Mafraq, 19 in the north bedouin region and 17 in Tafileh.



Khayyat opens Islamic book exhibition

AMMAN - Ministers of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat Sunday opened an Islamic book exhibition at the King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein Mosque in Amman as part of the Kingdom's celebrations of the Prophet Mohammad's Birthday anniversary. The two-week exhibition displays large collections of Islamic books which can be sold to the public at reduced prices. Several local publishing houses are taking part in the exhibition. Women are allowed into the mosque to inspect the displayed books only on Wednesday and Thursday. (Petra photo)



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### Before it is too late

THE MIDDLE East peace process is once again bogged down and stalled by Shamir's refusal to budge even an iota in favour of moving the search for peace forward. After so many political acrobatics and filibustering on the part of the Likudniks in Israel, the initial optimism generated by President Hosni Mubarak's initiative to get the Israelis and Palestinians on talking terms is once again on hold. For now, all the parties are holding their breath for the umpteenth time till Shamir makes his trip to Washington next month, hoping against hope that Washington will drive some sense into his head. So the waiting game is once again reactivated without any visible sign that Shamir's pilgrimage to the U.S. would in fact result in anything resembling a breakthrough.

But according to optimists, if Shamir returns from his American trip as expected empty-handed, the Labour faction of the Israeli cabinet would opt to quit the national coalition government with a view to precipitating early elections. Then, and only then, according to this scenario, would the peace process have a real chance to be propelled in the right direction.

There are many ifs attached to this hopeful analysis. The first one centres on the credibility of the Labourites to come through with their threat to resign from the current government. It must be recalled that Shimon Peres and Yitzhak Rabin made many hollow threats to leave the government over issues that they termed as tantamount to stumbling blocks erected by Shamir and his colleagues in the path of the peace process. This time the Labourites are making the same kind of noise about Shamir's calculated moves to sabotage what Cairo had painstakingly put

The second "if" relates to the result of voting - should in fact there be general elections in Israel. If the Labour Party in Israel could emerge victorious from these projected elections, in the sense that it can form a government without the crippling effects of having the Likud on their backs, then all is well. But if the opposite occurs with the Likud still imposing its will on any future government then the peace process will once again return to square one. Meanwhile, the casualty list among the struggling Palestinians gets longer and longer without an end in sight. If this continues, there would be no escape for the Arab World from intervening in some form or another on the side of the Palestinian intifada. The implications of such a drastic step are clearly ominous and bave to be entertained as more probable than not. As far-fetched as that may appear now, the events in the Middle East could very well veer into that direction. It would be prudent, therefore, for all sides to reckon with that eventuality as of now before it gets too late for the parties to defuse the situation.

### **JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS**

JORDANIAN Arabic dailies on Sunday gave wide coverage in their editorials and inside columns to the election campaign which runs up to election day Nov. 8.

Al Ra'i daily said the campaign bas now started and it is being held in an atmosphere of responsibility and freedom, something which fills the hearts of all Jordanians with pride. Dialogues and display of respect to the other party's views will no doubt dominate the whole campaign which is witnessing a heavy competition by all the hopeful candidates, said the paper. Should all the candidates ahide by the rules of democracy and responsibility there will be no doubt that the parliamentary life in Jordan will be enhanced and Jordanian citizens will be encouraged to go to the polls self-satisfied with the situation and well assured about democratic rule in their country, the paper noted. It is natural, said the paper, to expect further activity in the coming weeks and it is natural to see people expecting their aspirations to be fulfilled by the advent of the new parliament which will help enhance the spirit of democracy in the Kingdom.

The renewal of fighting between the Polisario Front and the Moroccan armed forces over the Sahara region in North Africa attracts the attention of Mahmond Al Rimawi, a columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday. The writer laments such development which be says adversely affect the ongoing efforts to reach a final settlement for the disputed territory. The outhreak of fighting indicates that the two sides are holding on to hardened positions rather than showing flexibility which could pave the way for a lasting solution, the writer notes. The fighting took place against a totally different backdrop. represented in the rapprochement between Algeria which had been supporting the guerrillas and Morocco which claims total sovereignty over the Sahara, the writer notes. It is surprising to hear about a renewal of clashes between the two sides while efforts are being made to bolster the concept of the Maghreh Union and as African and European and Arah countries were involved in behind-the-scene activity to end the dispute peacefully, the writer pointed out. He points to differences among the various Polisario factions that could have been behind the decision by its leaders to resume the fighting against the Moroccan forces.

Al Dustour said that with the start of the election campaign Jordan enters a new phase of democratic practice in the long democratic process and in the spirit of the constitution. The paper said that the campaign ends a long break of democratic and parliamentary life in the Kingdom and, therefore, Jordamans are optimistic that their new endeavours will be crowned with success. The coming stage is undoubtedly a new one for the Jordanian people and their candidates for the coming parliament in view of the political, social and economic developments that occurred in the Kingdom since the last parliament was elected in 1967 and, therefore, one would naturally expect a period of reassessment and careful planning on the part of the coming Lower House before further steps in development can be taken, the paper added. The coming parliament as King Hussein said will not serve as a forum for mere political statements but real planning and real and serious work to resolve the country's numerous problems and help maintain the momentum of construction, said the

Weekly Political Pulse

# Palestinians need a concerted Arab push

IT MUST be clear by now to all concerned parties that the so-called peace process in the Middle East is going around in circles. Perhaps the circles are getting smaller, but they are still circles nevertheless. No sooner the parties get close to a breakthrough than the process fumbles on a new pessimistic note.

And then the cycle of diplomacy gets kicked off once again only to end up as usual without fruition. This time around, therefore, will not be any different, and sooner than later the Arab side will discover that its faith and trust in the elusive peace efforts were misplaced. Yet, fresh attempts are made all the time to reactivate the search for peace on the heel of every failure with hope against hope that a hreakthrough could be pulled out of the hine.

The only thing going now in support of the quest for a permanent settlement of the Palestinian conflict is the intifada. Still, it would be utterly irresponsible to pin all hopes on the uprising to pull off a reasonable deal with Israel. The Palestinian insurgency alone cannot achieve what the entire Arab World has failed to achieve. As is, it is, by and large, an orphaned Palestinian effort lacking solid support and missing complementary Arab action. Whoever thought that the entire Arab World would continue to be watchful of the intifada, albeit with admiration and hand clapping, well into its 23 month! Maybe this Arab aloofness has a background based on the Arab supposition that the Palestinian side bas chosen to go it alone and therefore should be left alone to accomplish the mission impossible. In other words, the Palestinisation of the Middle East conflict and the centrality of the Palestinian people in the conflict have led the Arab World to leave the Palestinian party basically alone in their struggle with the Arabs' number one enemy Israel. Maybe some

would suggest that the Palestinians have brought this state of affairs upon themselves by playing the Palestinian card more prominently than has been the case before. But, even if one accompts to entertain this postulation, emergence of the Palestimian element to the forefront of the struggle in the context of the Palestinian conflict should not have lead to the present situation where most of the Arab countries are left as spectators. There must be a fresh effort therefore to reactivate the Arah countries' involvement in the Palestinian case with a view to bolstering and fortifying the Palestinian efforts to assist in finding a permanent settlement to their dimension of the broader Arab-Israeli conflict.

There are many ways available to the Arab countries to enhance their involvement in the Palestine situation, but staying on the periphery is not one of them. To begin with, the Palestinian people in the West Bank and Gaza Strip cannot be expected to hold out on their own indefinitely and many action-oriented measures need to be adopted to help them. And one does not think only in terms of financial and economic aid but rather in political and politically related areas with a view to raising the Israeli cost in fighting the Palestinians under occupa-tion, As things stand now, Israel is killing off an average of two to four Palestinians a day and wounding scores of others without feeling any heat from the Arab World or the international community. It must be accepted that Israeli leaders have succeeded in stifling international and regional concern for the Palestinians who are being eliminated on a daily and routine basis without causing as much as a blink among them. International mass media have also relegated the news about the intifada to the backburner and we all know that that was the advice offered by

Henry Kissinger to Israel and the Zionist forces in the West. Of all people Kissinger knows only too well and remembers very well-that what brought an end to the Vietnam war was bringing it to the American home by television and other mass media methods. If the Arab World can succeed to bring back the intifada to Western television screens as was the case before Kissinger intervened to halt that practice on behalf of Israel, the beginning of the end of the Palestinian conflict would materialise. In other words, a more concerted effort must be exerted by the Arab countries to disseminate audio-visual information on the Palestinian conflict worldwide and to invest the necessary capital for that purpose. There is always the hope that even the Israeb public opinion would begin to shift in favour of reasonable accommodation with the Palestinian people have they opportunity to see and feel the anguish of the Palestinian people under occupation exactly the way the American people saw the Vietnam war on

Come to think of it, even Arab mass media have also become derelict in its duties to highlight the Palestinian struggle and often give the impression of indifference to the lot of their brethren under Israeli occupation. Arab press and television appear to have lost their original stamina to expose the Israeli oppression in the occupied territories and this unfortunate state of affairs calls for rectification as a matter of urgency.

The list of other actions that the Arab countries can undertake is indeed long and perhaps a special conference could be convened for that purpose. Whatever it is there is a lot more that the Arab countries can do to rescue the struggling Palestinians

### Israeli politics

# Labour labours loudly over peace process

The following article is reprinted from the Israeli newspaper, The

By Dan Petreanu current generation, or any of the "princes" of the next.

Shamir calculates, correctly,

that the relatively moderate-look-

ing princes, or the apparently cerebral Arens, would maximise

the Likud's potential of attracting

votes from the centrist, "ration-

eluded the Likud. True, such

leaders at the head of the Likud

might scare away the right-wing

hard core of its supporters. But

under the present system these

will remain in the bloc. The extreme right might turn to Moledet

or Tehiya, and the Sephardi "tra-ditionalist" strain might incline

further towards Shas. In any case,

the Likud still assumes that the

present fuss, too, shall pass.

Labour's record in this govern-

ment indeed encourages cynic-

ism: after initially rejecting the

idea of playing junior partner in a

Likud government, it changed its

mind after President Herzog's

"appeal" for unity (and after the

separate appeals of kibbutzim

In July, after Shamir surren-

and imposed "constraints" on the

government's initiative, Labour

voted to withdraw, only to find

satisfaction a few weeks later in a

largely meaningless "reaffirma-tion" of the initiative. And

Labour's very vocal and dovish

Knesset faction, which has been

calling for a withdrawal from the

government virtually since its in-

ception, has been outvoted again

and again by the party's no-

nonsense central committee of

Histadrut functionaries and spe-

this point Labour will not risk

elections, from which it will

almost certainly emerge in worse

shape. And Peres, although

doubtless anxious to relieve him-

self of the thankless burden of the

Treasury, will prefer not to fester

Besides, Shamir reasons, at

cial-interest representatives.

and the Histadrut).

voters that have mostly

ONCE AGAIN the Labour Party is threatening to leave the government. Now that the Likud has rejected the Egyptian proposals to advance the peace process, the moment of truth has finally arrived, say party leaders again. To remain a part of this government if it turns out the Likud has torpedoed yet another peace initiative — this time, its own — would be really, truly, terminally unacceptable.

It may not be a hluff.
Of conrse, Labour leaders
know that they have lost credibility in this matter. The party has used the threat to bolt the government too often. And Prime Minister Shamir treats Labour's warnings with commensurate contempt. In response to Labour's latest grumblings, he has even indicated that new elections would be just fine if Labour insisted. But the last thing Shamir wants is destabilisation of all he has achieved with the unity gov-

Diplomatically, only the present arrangement will allow him potentially harmless (from the Likud's point of view) and as potentially viable (from the point of view of the U.S. and Labour) as the excruciatingly slow, twostage process he outlined in his 'diplomatic initiative."

Just the deliberations on the means (elections in the territories) of advancing towards the first stage (autonomy) are likely to take a year, say his aides. If a non-PLO delegation with whom he can deliberate ever materialises, that is.

Politically, only the unity government enables Shamir to cast aside his ambitious colleagues in the Likud (Sharon, Levy and Moda'i) while advancing, in the framework of Likud's reduced cabinet representation, the cause of those he views as potential successors — be it Arens of the in the opposition, almost certain-

ly a political death sentence for

All this is true. Which is why Labour will only bolt if it knows that it can form a narrow government - either immediately or in the wake of a Likud-led transition government. Increasingly, there are indications that this is exactly

what the party has in mind. Peres, especially. For he knows that a narrow government is his best chance of returning to the premiership. A lengthy spell in opposition, or early elections, would almost certainly lead for a move to replace him with either Rabin (likely in the short term) or one of several younger challen-gers (likely if the process drags, out until 1992, as planned).

There is widespread agreement in the party that although Peres is the best man it has for the job of premier, he has proven himself unelectable. While there is no guarantee that he would be defeated in the central committee - a possible majority of its members may still be personally loyal to him — he would certainly prefer to avoid facing the question of whether to choose the party interest over his own.

To be sure, the coalition agreement stipulates that elections are the only available course in case of a government collapse. If one of the partners bolts, both parties must join in an early elections bill. This clause was inserted at Shamir's insistence, to discourage Peres from engaging in coalition

Some Labour ministers note privately that the agreement does not require faction discipline to be imposed, meaning that there is no guarantee that all the members of both parties would support it. If the early-elections motion falls, then technically all options are open: the unity government would become a transitional one, and coalition negotiations would begin anew.

Peres' associates have been

negotiations before their time.

working overtime in order to come up with a plausible defence for violating the clause and avoiding this unpredictable scenario altogether. Several arguments are

being toyed with already.
First, it is maintained, the election process would lead to a several-month freeze in the diplomatic process, in which invaluable momentum would be lost. Second, new elections under the existing electoral system are un-likely to meaningfully alter the balance of power in the Knesset, meaning that the inevitable haggling with the religious parties would only he delayed, not avoided. Third, there is no precedent in Israel for bolding general elections less than one year apart. Fourth, says one Labour minister, "we could produce a very long list of cases in which the Likud has violated the coalition agreement '

Most of Labour's backbenchers including some who publicly advocate coalition blackmail on the peace issue - have privately indicated to party leaders that they would support a move that would enable them to maintain their Knesset posts. Many of the newer parliamentarians feel that one year has not afforded them enough time to make the kind of impact that would guarantee them a return ticket to the Knesset. One Labour minister has therefore suggested that if early elections are called, Labour should dispense with internal elections and present the same list of candidates that it did in

Labour can count on the support of 10 dovish MKs in addition to its own 39, as well as the tacit support of seven non-Zionist MKs. This means that Peres needs the support of at least one of the religious parties apart from

At last week's Labour ministers meeting, Peres indicated that Shas and Degel Hatora were "in the bag." To the ministers who were still smarting from the humiliations administered to Labour by these very parties only last Nov. 13 elections in the Histad-year (Motta Gur, Ya'acov Tsur, rut, where Labour fears it would and perhaps the absent Yitzhak Rabin, whose support would be crucial), the party leader noted that situation is different now, when Labour can play its hand only when it knows it has a government.

Proponents of a narrow government with the ultra-Orthodox argue that these parties have Peres is no already signalled that they want politician.

to avoid new elections - in which they may well fall short of their impressive 1988 tally of 13 mandates (Shas 6, Agudat Yisrael 5, Degel Hatora 2). In particular, Peres is looking hopefully towards Shas, whose Arye Der'i has struck up a fine rapport with him and is known to harbour dovish views (as does his mentor,

Rabbi Ovadia Yosef). For the narrow-government scenario to take place, Peres must be able to prove to the religious parties (and to Rabin) that the diplomatic initiative has been kil-led by the Likud. Its burial, as far as Peres is concerned, will take place only when Shamir returns from his planned trip to the U.S. in mid-November. Not by coincidence, this falls just after the rut, where Labour fears it would be harmed by a diplomatic crisis. If the U.S. permits Shamir to

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Total Control

return home without signs of progress, there is a fair chance that Labour will actually make good on its threat, Peres's political career depends on it. And, in anything that doesn't involve winning votes from ordinary people, Peres is nothing if not a masterful

# Time for honest thinking

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — This is the time of year, the High Holy Days, when Jews are supposed to look into themselves, reflect on what has been and commit themselves to what should be. In 1989 it should be a time for honest thinking about the future of Israel.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and his Likud colleagues have jnst said no to a gentle suggestion by President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt on how to get a peace process going.

Their no told us as clearly as

anything has where Israel is heading under its present leadership. Ten or 20 years from now, if it stays on that path, it will be this kind of country: It will be a Jewish state in which

Arabs are nearly half the population and will soon be more than half. Jews will maintain political control because Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza have no • It will be a garrison state. The only way to retain control

be by increasing military force and increasing abandonment of the rule of civilised law. It will be a brutalised state. Imprisoning Palestinians by the thousands without trial, deporting them without evidence,

shooting children - all this and

over the occupied territories will

The one link to Arab neighbours. the treaty with Egypt, will have frayed or broken by then. Some of the isolation will be self-imposed: Israelis who even talk with Palestinian leaders will be jailed.

"Some doubted (Shamir's) sincerity when he came up with the idea of May 14. I did not, but I see no reason now to think he was serious."

• It will be a dependent state. Dependence on U.S. aid for economic existence, which grew during the 1980s, will by now be overwhelming - if American taxpayers are still willing to bear the heavy hurden.

That future is a necessary consequence of the choice Mr. Shamir and his government have made. They chose the status quo - indefinitely. Mr. Mubarak leaned way over backward to please Mr. Shamir, but the idea that Israeli and Palestinian delegates meet in Cairo was rejected

more will have become part of normal life.

• It will be an isolated state.

because it might conceivably lead to a change in the status quo. It might develop movement toward

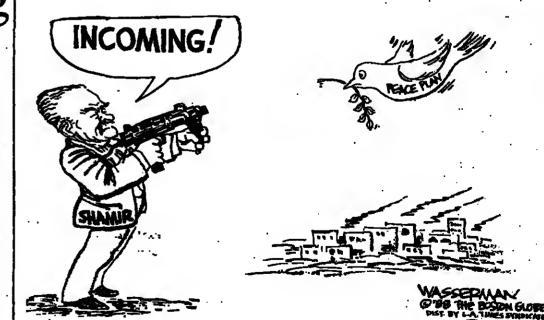
Palestinian rights.
The talks in Cairo would only have been to flesh out a proposal made by Mr. Shamir himself: for Palestinians in the occupied territories to elect representatives who would negotiate with Israel. Some doubted his sincerity when he came up with the idea on May 14. I did not, but I see no reason now to think he was serious.

After rejecting the Mnbarak invitation, Mr. Shamir said there could still be other ideas to follow up. But such talk is a familiar tactic. It is designed to create an illusion of hope that covers the reality of Mr. Shamir's determination to do nothing.

Clarity is the one gain from the decision in Jerusalem. It is clear now where responsibility rests for the lack of progress towards peace. It rests on the government

Objectively, the prospects for peace have never been brighter. Palestinians have found a voice at last for negotiation and compromise. The PLO has recognised Israel and, in the many months since that historic decision, refrained from terrorism. But the government of Israel says

The clarity of the situation has consequences in the United



States. It requires a response from American Jews and from the American government. The Jewish community in

America is concerned about where Israel is heading. Many American Jews, probably most, are opposed to the Shamir policy of holding on to the West Bank and Gaza forever by force, with all the self-brutalising consequ-

But the voice of the community is muted. The major Jewish organisations do not speak out critically about the Shamir policy.

They do not say what many believe: that the rejection of Mr. Mubarak, the refusal to talk with Palestinians are steps that threaten the future of Israel.

The reluctance is understandable. The Jewish organisations have to work with the Israeli government that is. Their constituents worry about anything that looks disloyal.

But when the life and character of Israel are at stake, those are not adequate excuses. Honesty is

President George Bush and Secretary of State James Baker have muted their voices, too. They worry about the short-term political risks of openly disagreeing with an Israeli govern-

But in the longer term, they must know, Americans will become restless about supporting an Israel that rejects the chance of peace. It is in the true interest of Israel for the United States to speak out about the danger of an isolated, embattled future The New York Times.



## Pulling no punches

By Haya Husseini

### Writers

I HAD a nine-year-old student who wanted to become a writer. He said Miss, miss, miss... I said, get to the point.

I want to be a writer, Miss.

I taunted him, your parents won't let you.

Actually, the boy had a great deal of wit, self-imposed, I think, since the parents were fairly grim. But he wrote quite well and I told him so

Those children had tremendous talents for creative writing. They would omit all hints of punctuation, their sentences were incoherent; ideas were laid out haphazardly; action was disorderly and confused; characters inconsistent and irrational

And they were writers, in the sullied classroom of that year, they were writers, poets, philosophers, scientists; they laughed at Marco Polo, revered the stars, laboured over Egyptology, abused their mathematical elements and mistook Ginn sociology to be

Did I remember James Joyce's chaotic structure, Garcia Marquez and Muriel Spark's metaphysical characters, Penelope Lively's muddled events?

Originality in effinence, That was what I taught that year. And one boy said, Miss, my mother wants to know why we're oot doing grammar, So I got masterpieces like:

I run so quickly My face is hiding The scary bird is behind me So I stop And I ask him to show me the way (a nine-year-old)

. My Grandfather

My grandfather sits and sits, too He also wears pyjamas sometimes Sometimes he gets angry over his soup Sometimes he gives me money Sometimes I laugh, and my mother loves him. (An eight-year-old)

One day I told the children that I would write an essay with them too.

You, Miss?

Yes. I got into a thinking attitude. The children smiled, You, Miss?

So I ended up not writing with them. And from amidst their iubilant deounciations against me, I heard a girl say, don't be so mean, let her write,

I thank her for her mercy. To these children I am indebted, for one thing I learnt: children do love adults. I know they loved me, but they do not think highly of them; or of their actions or of what

The nine-year-old who wanted to become a writer said to me, a week later,

Miss, miss, miss, I said, stop missing me.

Miss. I want to be

Oh? I thought ... That was last week, he said irritably, as though I should have

I should have known. His mother came to see me one day. She said her soo's English wasn't improving.

I said his writing style was good. She said his spelling was awful. I said his imagination was excellent. His handwriting is bad, she pointed out. I told her he wanted to become a pilot. She went away, appeased, and even thanked me.

Miss, what's another word for happy?

It seemed to suit her:

As pleased as a potato As happy as a hippo They got into their cars And swam to Aleppo.

Meanwhile, his mother gave him spelling tests at home to prepare for his aviatorial and aerotechnical future. She didn't know that a week later her son decided to invest his efforts and intellect into pursuing a life-long career in alien-hunting.

That suits you best, I said and he went back to his desk to write

# The price of ignorance

By Michael Balter

PARIS - Do relatively low exposures to toxic chemicals, pesticides or radiation pose a threat of cancer, birth defects, or other diseases? If you put this question to an environmental activist and to the head of a corporation subject to environmental regulatory laws, you would probably get two different answers. Yet the issue of environmental risk has become a significant controversy, debated in oewspaper opinioo colomns, government ageocy hearing rooms and, increasingly in the courts.

In the United States, the past two years have brought a rash of media reports about environmental concerns, from the hazard that pesticides such as Alar might pose for children, to the possible dangers of electromagnetic radiation produced by power lines and electric blankets. While some cynical observers have duhbed this phenomenon the "chemical of the week" syndrome, regulatory agencies have found themselves increasingly caught beding stricter controls and industry representatives reluctant to spend money eliminating exposures that may prove to be harmless.

Adding to the confusion is the

fact that scientists themselves often do not agree on how best to assess the risks from environmental agents. In the past few years, however, a number of laboratories in North America and Europe have begun developing techniques that may allow researchers to measure directly, at the level of the DNA of living cells, the damage caused by chemicals and radiation. These approaches of the univesity's Cell Mutation make up a new field that some Unit. "The relative risk or leukescientists have called "molecular mia (cancer of the leukocytes, of epidemiology.

animals, usually rats and mice, data showing that the relative risk are fed relatively high doses of for mutation of lymphocytes in the chemicals being tested. The smokers is 50 per ceot higher, results are then extrapolated, us- too." ing complex mathematical mod-

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els, down to the levels at which humans are likely to be exposed. test indicate that exposures pre-Because the results are highly theoretical, they have been an easy mark for criticism from both sides of the controversy.

"We need to find a way to do risk determinatioo," said William Thilly of the Massachusetts Insti-tute of Technology, "instead of risk guessing."

The new methodology employs a variety of "biological markers" to detect genetic damage, which is thought to be a precursor to cancer and birth defects. One that seems to be especially promising is the human gene called HPRT, which contains the genetic code for an enzyme involved

in DNA synthesis. The technique was worked out originally by Richard Albertini of the University of Vermont and Alec Morley of Flinders Medical Centre in Bedford Park, South Australia. A simple chemical test, using the T-cells (a type of lymphocyte, or white blood cell) from human donors, can distinguish HPRT genes that have been inactivated by mutations from those that are still functional. A oormal adult has a very low level of T-cells with mutant HPRT genes, but people who are known to have been exposed to genedamaging agents show measurable increases in their mutant

For example according to studies by researchers at the University of Sussex, in Brighton, England, smokers have about a 50 per cent higher frequency of HPRT mutants than con-

dence," says Bryn Bridges, head which the lymphocytes are one In the past, risk assessment has type) among smokers is 50 per relied heavily on studies in which cent higher, and here we have

Early results with the HPRT

18 Bookheeping
12 Dectronics
21 Secretary
10 Secretary
10 Secretary
12 Palice Sciences
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to measurable genetic damage. Karen Messing and co-workers at the University of Quebec in Montreal, studied the mutant frequencies of a group of radio-therapy and nuclear medicine technicians' at Quebec's Notre Dame Hospital. They found that, compared to a control group, the technicians had significantly higher levels of

mutant T-cells. What may make these techniques even more promising is their potential to provide chies about the identities of the culprits responsible for gene damage.

Barry Glickman and his colleagues at York University in MIT has developed a method Toronto have chemically analysed thousands of mutations of a gene found in a common gut bacterium called Escherichia coli. "We have demonstrated the

absolute uniqueness of each kind of treatment we have used, chemical or physical. These ageots are leaving recognisable foot-prints," Mr. Glickman said.

Prelimioary work with mammalian cells has given similar results. "If you look at motations in people," Glickman said, "you should be able to sprout some

which might make it much easier to distinguish between different

mutation-causing substances. They have found that doublestranded DNA molecules differing by only one molecular subunit can be identified using a technique that causes the strands to pull apart when subjected to a chemical and electrical gradient. Depending oo the location and type of damage to the DNA, the strands separate at different times, leading to characteristic "mutation spectra." So far, each

chemical used has produced a

different pattern.

Researchers in this field caution, however, that moleuclar epidemiology may never be able to determine with certainty that a particular persoo was exposed to a particular chemical. Mr. Glickman, for example, believes that it may prove most useful in occupational settings, in which a oumber of workers are exposed to the same things.

"Where we will be able to say something is with people in the ouclear, aotomotive, or chemical industries, where there is a relatively high concentration of a limited number of substances.

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# Egypt considers expanding Suez Canal Central banks stand ready to see how markets are going to veteran staffers who can recall

CAIRO (R) — A proposed billion-dollar scheme to widen and deepen Egypt's Suez Canal could influence designs for the next generation of supertankers, Suez Canal Authority Chairman Ezzat Adel said.

**ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS** 

Mad at inflation? Sue your central bank

ANKARA (R) - An Istanbul lawyer is taking Turkey's central

bank to court, saying it caused soaring inflation by printing too

much money. An Ankara court will bear Ibrahim Selahattin

Erguder's claim on Nov. 6, legal sources have said. Turkey's

consumer prices rose 73 per cent in the year to September and 76

per cent more money is in circulation that at the start of 1989. "No

one has looked into the legal aspects of inflation in Turkey,"

Erguder told the mass-circulation daily Hurriyet. "The central

bank is printing trillions of lira of cash and depreciating the value

of our currency. Even if the instruction to print money is given by

political authorities, it is the central hank that is to be beld

responsible." he asserted. Erguden holds a token shareholding in

the central bank, which is 51 per cent state-owned. He attendeds

all shareholders' meetings and attempted a similar suit last year.

CAIRO (R) — A Panamanian ship carrying a cargo of live

Australian sheep rejected by Saudi Arabia has sailed through the

Suez Canal after Egyptian experts decided they were not

diseased. A Canal Authority spokesman said the 6,988-tonne El

Cordero was allowed through after lengthy veterinary tests

showed the sheep were healthy. He said the livestock carrier, with

more than 8,800 head of sheep aboard, was heading for Italy.

Western diplomats said an Italian company had bought the sheep.

The consignment was part of more than 200,000 head of sheep

which Saudi Arabia had rejected in August, saying the beasts had

blue tongue and sheep pox, the canal spokesman said. Australia

denied these diseases were present in its commercial flocks.

NICOSIA (R) — Cyprus will bost the 10th technical conference of the Commonwealth Association of Tax Administrators from

Oct. 23-28, the Cyprus News Agency has said. It said 56 representatives from 32 countries would take part in the gathering

ANKARA (R) - State-tun Ziraat Bankasi A.S., Turkey's only

servants, will open a representative office in Japan by end-

October, General Manager Coskun Ulusoy said. Ulusoy told

Reuters the office, the first in Japan belonging to a Turkish hank,

will serve mainly for funding purposes by tapping Japan's financial markets. "Japan is a challenging new market for us and we have to learn how to be competitive there," Ulusoy said. Total

assets of Ziraat, with more than 1,200 hranches in Turkey, were

29 trillion lira at end-1988 — almost equal to the state hudget.

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq increased its daily oil output by 143,000

barrels from the beginning of October, a government magazine published in Baghdad has said. The weekly magazine Alef Ba

quoted oil ministry sources as saying "Iraqi oil production has risen from 2.783 million b/d to 2.926 million b/d from the

beginning of this month." The increase in output follows an OPEC agreement in Geneva last month at which the group raised

its output ceiling from 19.5 million b/d to 20.5 million b/d.

Increases were divided on a pro rata basis which kept members'

GENEVA (R) — More than half of Africa's 400 million population will live below the poverty line by 1995, the International Labour Organisation (ILO) has said. "Increased poverty means not only deteriorated standards of living hut also

wealth destruction," the United Nations agency added in a report

to be discussed by government, employer and worker delegates

from 17 countries in Nairohi this week. It said gross domestic

product per capita in Africa in 1988 was nine per cent lower than in 1980 and the possibilities for recovery were slim unless there

was a revival of investment used efficiently in activities with high

social returns. The rehabilitation of existing infrastructure and productive capacity and small-scale farming should be given

priority, the ILO report said. With Africa so dependent on a limited range of commodities, the challenge was to diversify exports and expand links between industry and agriculture and between traditional and modern sectors of production, the report

Yugoslavia unveils special measures

Cyprus to host tax conference

Turkish bank to open Japan office

Iraq increases oil production

ILO sees poorer Africa by 1995

percentage shares unchanged.

nk wnich also acts as de

Egypt finds Australian sheep healthy

Adel told Reuters in a weekend interview the scheme of expanding the waterway to was subject to a 18-month study by Nedeco of the Netherlands and two local partners, the firms Pacer Consultants and Telcon-

The \$1.5 million economic feasibility contract, financed by the Kuwait-based Arab Fund for Empomic and Social Develophant, was signed in September, he added.

The 195 kilometres long canal, one of Egypt's top foreign exchange earners along with workers' remittances from abroad. tourism and oil exports, can now take oil tankers up to 140,000 deadweight tons (DWT) with a draught of 53 feet (18 metres).

That case was thrown out.

The study was looking at ways accept larger vessels, possibly up to 250,000 DWT with a draught of up to 68 feet (23 metres).

In 1967 — shortly before the Arab-Israeli war erupted in June that year closing the canal for eight years - two thirds of all cargo transiting the waterway was oil. Now its down to just over a

But Adel pointed out that several factors could influence Egypt to scale down the target for expansion, including shipbuilding costs, the price of bunker oil and freight charges.

We have to reach a solution attractive to both Suez and shipowners, but we need a crystal ball

"The life cycle of the current generation of supertankers was coming to an end, and by offering sufficient incentives to use Suez, shipbuilders could be encouraged to construct vessels of a size that would take advantage of whatever expansion was eventually implemented. It was all a matter of weighing costs.

Iraq's newly-built pipeline will be delivering 1.65 million barrels a day to Saudi Arabia's west coast by December enhancing the importance of the Red Sea gateway to the Suez Canal as an export

For Adel, expansion of the canal would cap more than 30 years' with the Canal Authority. "The salt water of Suez has got into our veins," he said of the

move in the years to come," he the 1956 nationalisation of the canal by Egypt's late president Gamal Abdul Nasser.

Adel said the authorities had run a 24-month incentive project to attract long haul tankers by reducing canal tolls by as much as 35 per cent.

"In the last two years about 600 tankers have used the canal that might otherwise not have done he said, adding that the pansion, Adel said. strategic aim was to attract very large crude carriers. Many large tankers already

transited the canal in ballast but continued to use the Cape route when fully loaded.

Adel said revenue, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1989 was

about \$1.34 billion, up some \$40-\$50 million from the previous

would be kept parallel to the inflation rate in industrial countries which the authority depended upon for imports of cranes, spare parts and telecommunications equipment.

The state of the s

Once plans were finalised, loans providing a grace period for repayments and low interest rates would be sought from foreign governments to finance the ex-

Just under one million Suez Canal net tons - a special unit of measurement used to assess toll charges - moved through Suez each day, down from 1.1 million in 1983 when traffic was at its

Today an average of 62 ships trasited the canal daily compared to 83 in 1983 - demonstrating, Adel said, that vessels had increased in tonnage overall.

### He pledged no sudden or sharp Government pushes French campanies to world markets

PARIS (R) — The French government has approved a longterm strategy for foreign acquisitions by nationalised firms to enable them to compete in world markets, official sources have

The plan, conceived in the first quarter of this year, will require 40 billion francs (\$6 billion) in new funds for nationalised companies by the end of 1993.

"Our aim is that state companies' balance sheets match their foreign counterparts... our points of reference are West German, British and American companies," an industry ministry officlal said, declining to be named.

Industry Minister Roger Fauroux, a former chairman of state computer firm Bull and previously nationalised glassmaker Saint Gohain, invited state firms to lay out their plans for growth ahroad before giving his go-ahead this summer, he said.

The firms have already reaped the rewards of the strategy. - Last week, electronics giant

Thomson-CSF announced it was considering a joint bid with British Aerospace for troubled Ferranti International Signal PLC. - This followed hard on the

heels of a deal by Compagnie Des Machines Bull to pay up to \$635 million for Zenith Electronics

Corp's U.S. computer business. In the last two months alone, state electronics, oil and chemicals firms have all made major purchases abroad.

- Thomson-CSF has agreed to buy the defence electronics activities of N.V. Philips Gloeilampenfahrieken. The cost was not made

- Rhone-Poulenc has bought three chemicals firms in the United States and Britain for more than 8.5 billion francs (\$1.3 biltion).

In August, state oil giant Elf-Aquitaine finally won a hard fought battle for control of American chemicals firm Pennwalt Corp, spending \$1.05 billion. Talks are also under way

between carmaker Regie Nationale Des Usines Renault and Swedish counterpart A.B. Volvo which analysts expect to lead to a share swap.

- Metals firm Pechiney and chemical concern Orkem have already announced major U.S. and European acquisitions in the last year. Some industry analysts say that

the prices paid may have been too high - notably Pechiney's purchase in late 1988 of Triangle Industries, a company virtually built on "junk bonds," Rhone-Poulenc's Gaf chemicals and Bull's Zenith

buys have also raised scepticism due to the high prices involved. But Fauroux is concerned that state companies do not saddle themselves with excessive deht, the official said.

After extensive internal restructuring in recent years, most state firms have relatively poor debt-to-equity ratios.

"The American norm on debtequity is less than 50 per cent. In France, state firms are often over 100 per cent. The only one with a balance sheet comparable to the Americans is Elf," the official

This year the state will inject 4.1 billion francs (\$630 million) of new capital into the nine companies. A further 4.7 hillion (\$720 million) is set aside in the 1990

To help Bull finance its Zenith purchase, the government this month agreed to a special cash injection of 500 million francs (\$77 million). But with the government faced

with cutting its substantial budget deficit, state capital injections alone will not supply the cash Fauroux deems necessary by

The nine will therefore need to go to capital markets for fresh equity, calling for some nimble

## **Algerian Social Democrats** call for economic freedom

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria's Social Democratic Party (PSD), the first opposition group to be legal-ised in 27 years has called for economic freedom.

"We must free the economic process from all constraints," said party president Abderahmane Adjrid, addressing more than 1,000 delegates from all of Algeria's 48 districts.

The PSD, known by its French

SOMEO

**LETHAH** 

NYFLOD

initials, emerged into the daylight in August as Algeria transformed it politics into a multi-party system under the impact of youth riots last year.

Four other parties ranging from communists to Islamic fundamentalists have since followed. The PSD calls for a break with

Algeria's socialist past and greater freedom for private entrepreneurs while maintaining state



and gone to heaven! Did you mug a gourmet chef to get that?"

# JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Heard Armold and Both Lea one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. LAINF

1,200 per cent, including lower interest rates and defending the value of the dinar. Government spokesman Darko Marin said the authorities would also cut import duries on 400 types of consumer goods in order to force down domestic prices. He said the government intended to restrict the growth of wages and the money supply. Marin's remarks were published in official newspapers alongside a prediction that inflation would rocket to 1,800 per cent by December. Marin said the government of Prime Minister Ante Markovic would set interest rates on bank savings each month according to a weighted average of inflation over the previous three months.

BELGRADE (R) — Yugoslavia's communist government has unveiled special measures to reduce annual inflation of almost

### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Sunday, October 15, 1989 Central Bank official rates

98.9 448.2 301.3 97.4 46.3 159.5 443.8 298.3 96.4 45.8 Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown 634.0 Italian lira (for 100)



(Answers tomorro Jumbies: BLOOM OFTEN ABSURD LEGUME Answer: What kind of personality did that champion fencer have?—A "DUEL" ONE "adopted ideological choices that

Houari Boumedienne. Algeria collectivised agriculture, built giant state-owned industries and nationalised foreign trade.

Adjrid blamed the FLN for what he called widespread public apathy and the "destruction of our economy.

Although political observers say the PSD derives most of its support from the urban middle class, Adjrid said the party would defend the purchasing power of workers.

control in strategic sectors.

Adjrid said the ruling National Liberation Front (FLN), which has monopolised power since in-dependence, had become divorced from the people and

did not correspond to reality." Under former president

WE'VE BEEN READING POEMS

IN SCHOOL, BUT I NEVER

UNDERSTAND ANY OF THEM

this time it was only limited to reaction would depend on how merger-and-acquisition-related investors assess the slide.

moves in the United States," a "The Fed has got to resp Bank of Japan source was quoted this by easing to some extent, but as saying in the Nikkei Economic it remains to be seen how much."

LONDON (R) — Senior central may be small," the source said.

Analysts in Britain forecast a Analysts in Britain forecast a 50 to 100-point fall in London's Seven (G-7 industrial countries) FTSE index of 100 leading shares held a series of informal telefrom its Friday close of 2,233.9. phone contacts Saturday to coor-

dinate their response to the slump in U.S. stock prices. European central bank officials said there were no immediate plans for an emergency meeting of the G-7 but officials had discussed over the telephone how to share values." react Monday when Far East and

Paul Chertkow, chief interna-European stock markets reopen. The discussions included the review of the central banks' handling of the "black Monday" 1987 crash when monetary authorities made it clear they were ready to pump liquidity into the system to was ripe for correction." rebuild confidence in the mar-

It is unclear whether central banks will make a similar commitment Monday. That decision is likely to depend on the extent of the fall in share prices in the Far East and Europe.

Several Enropean central banks believe Friday's near seven per cent slump in U.S. prices was caused by concern over leveraged buyouts and the junk bond market, both financial instruments heavily used in the United States and less elsewhere.

One central bank official. who asked not to be identified, said statements by the U.S. Federal Reserve and other central banks in October 1987 that they would make liquidity available played an important role in containing the crash.

But he added one of the lessons drawn from that coordinated op- a veteran of the 1987 crash. He eration was that the G-7 may have allowed interest rates to fall too quickly in a bid to head off a recession that never came.

Two years ago, the stocks crash tained his silence. had also begun with a sharp Friday fall in prices on Wall Street, only to turn into a rout in Monday.

But then central hanks had little experience of how to handle such a crisis, drawing mainly on 1929 and the depression years of

This time round, a cut in interest rates, or massive injection of liquidity in the markets would run against the grain in Europe Friday's stock market slide by and Japan where authorities have pushing down interest rates.. been tightening policy to clamp down on excessive domestic demand and inflation.

central bankers feel they are still ness, they said, having to tackle.

"I think the Fed will ease having to tackle.

Monday, God help London," minimum a full percentage point said Jim Stride, a fund manager drop in the Fed funds rate and with the British insurance group Sun Life.

editor of Britain's Sunday Corres- firm. pondent newspaper, wrote: "The slightest hint of oriental panic will be enough for blood red screens night loans, traded at just below

the fortunes of millions of inves- Reserve charges banks for loans, tors stunned by a panic on Wall is currently seven per cent. Street that produced the worst single-day loss on the New York ket rates determine the cost of Stock Exchange since Oct. 19, credit throughout the U.S. eco-DOINY.

"So we believe the possibility A plunge in stocks can hurt of it affecting Tokyo stock prices economy in two ways.

expecting a gloomy, if not black, Monday.

A spokesman for the Bank of England sought to allay fears of a repeat of the New York plunge, saying it saw "no reason for such an exaggerated fall in London

tional economist at London brokers Drexel Burnham Lambert, said: "We shouldn't get carried away by the impact of one lever-aged bid. People are going to take the view the U.S. market

He predicted the London market would deteriorate "but this is" not going to be a repeat of the October crash. The market is much better valued this time."

In the United States, Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady said the U.S. economy was well balanced and on a path to future modest growth. He pointed out hat the market had risen 591 points this

Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which regulates the U.S. markets, were working through the weekend analysing how the market shed 190 points in the final hour of trading

"Hopefully we're doing everything one would think a responsi-ble regulator would do," said Commissioner Joseph Grundfest, declined to be specific as he rushed off to a meeting.

Chairman Richard Breeden, in his fourth day on the job, main-

A former SEC official said the agency would work closely with the securities and futures exother markets on the following changes to ensure that clearance and settlement systems are in high gear, market makers are ready to absorb large volume and banks prepared to extend credit lessons from the great crash of in case the decline continues Monday.

Private-sector economists said the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed) which was already easing its grip on credit, is likely to react to Wall Street may be less vulner-able to further selling than at the

time of the October 1987 crash, In hindsight, the loosening of but cheaper money is needed to monetary policy engineered by cushion the slide's deflationary the G-7 two years ago stored np impact on an economy already inflationary pressures which some showing distinct signs of weak-

"If Tokyo smashes out of sight aggressively in response -- at a ossibly a discount rate cut.." said David Jones of Aubrey G. Lans-Margareta Pagano, business ton, a New York bond-trading

Central bank funds, the rate banks charge each other for overnine per cent last week. The As the world turns, so too will discount rate, the fee the Federal

Together, the two money mar-

"On black Monday two years Stephen Slifer of Shearson ago all the stocks fell sharply, but Lehman Brothers said the Fed's

"The Fed has got to respond to he said.

HOW AM I SUPPOSED TO KNOW

WHICH POEMS TO LIKE?

First, because their wealth has suddenly been eroded shareholders may decided to spend less. If demand drops sharply, factories will reduce outout and lay off

Second, a Wal Street slump can undermine general consumer confidence — even people who own no shares could decide to spend more cautiously.

### Jordanian : farmers get good prices for products

AMMAN (Petra) — The Council of Ministers has issued a statement fixing prices of locally-produced cereals which will be purchased by the Ministry of Agriculture in the coming 1989-90 agricultural season.

According to Agriculture Minister Bassam Al Saket, the rate for purchasing the cereals & from local farmers is bound to encourage them to double their efforts to increase output since the rates are much higher than those on international markets.

According to the minister, a tonne of wheat will be purchased at JD 142, barley at JD 100, lentils JD 250, chick peas JD 330 and maize at JD 100 a tonne.

The minister called on farmers to prepare their lands for different crops but to increase their production of wheat and barley which are of great demand on the local market.

The minister advised the farmers to embark on land preparation immediately in expectation of early rain.

### Israeli stock market slides

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli share prices plunged by eight per cent in early trading Sunday as the Tel Aviv stock market reacted to Friday's Wall Street slide.

Tel Aviv, one of the few stock exchanges in the world to trade on Sundays, was the first to respond to the 191-point drop in the Dow-Jones industrial average, the second largest one-day fall in its history. "What is happening here is

bert füt

2) CR

essentially a reaction to news of what happened in New York Fri-day," Tel Aviv stock exchange naging director Yossi Nitzani told Israel radio. "There is a psychological

effect, and someone who fears a global economic crisis as a result of an American economic crisis makes the indirect connection to Israel's economy," he noted. In the first bour of trading in

Tel Aviv's blue chips, stock prices fell by an average cight per cent. while many other stocks listed a 'sciling only' quote. Heavy selling orders were submitted to the ex-Officials said they received sell-

ing orders worth 90 million shekels (\$45 million) for shares and 40 million shekels (\$20 million) for bonds. Rami Tamari, deputy manag-

ing director of the exchange, told Reuters: "There are only a handful of shares which are traded both in New York and in Tel Aviv, so the reaction is more psychological than economic."

SOMEBODY

TELLS YOU



## Speelman defeats Timman

man of England scored a crushing 30-move victory with the black pieces over Jan Timman of the Netherlands in the seventh round of their world chess championship semifinal Saturday to tie the score at 3.5-3.5 with one game remaining.

In the other semifinal, former world champion Anatoly Karpov held on to draw his sixth game with fellow Soviet Artur Yusupov m 46 moves to keep the score level at 3-3.

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Speelman's dramatic fight back follows poor play in his first six games and came at a time when observers were beginning to write off his chances in the eight-game

Jon played just like his old self," said an ecstatic Jonathan Tisdall, an international master who is Speelman's chief second. 'As soon as he had a chance he played sharply and very aggres-

Despite playing with the advantage of the white pieces, Karpov, who was world champion from 1975 until 1985, drifted into an unfavourable endgame where experts said Yusupov missed two chances to win his second game in a row and go ahead in the

"Tve never seen Karpov play so badly," commented British grandmaster Tony Miles.

The winner of the candidates' ycle will challenge world champion Garri Kasparov for his title in a 24-game duel beginning October 1990. The winning semifinalists will face off in the candidates' final next March.

In either contest ends in a 4-4 tie, a two game "Mini match" will be played, followed if necessary by sudden death tiebreakers played at increasingly high speeds. A win scores one point and a

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE OUIZ

Q.1—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: ♥KJ93 ♦AQ10762 #AK The bidding has proceeded: West North Pass 2 ♥

What do you bid now? A.—There's no scientific way to probe for any of the key cards you need for game. As little as the queen of hearts or king of diamonds could be enough for game, so you might as well up and bid it. Four hearts.

Q.2—As South, vulnerable, you hold: A632 ♥ 18873 ♦ 954 ♣ AQ9
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West 1 NT Pass Pass Pass

What action do you take? A .-- As responder, it's your responsibility to guide your side to its best apot. The quality of your support is not as important as the combined length of your side's trump suit. You know partner has at least five spades, but he might have only four clubs. Correct to two spades.

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South 

. Pass What do you bid now? A .- Your side has at least an eightcard spade fit, while you do not know whether partner has any hearts at all. Since your combined ausets should be enough for game, and you have an adequate fit, bid

you hold:

.♠762 ♥854 ♦ AKF168 ♠63'
Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do you respond? A.—If you're an avid point-counter, you will claim that with 8 HCP you have enough only for an nal raise to two no trump. That does not take into account the playing strength of your diamonds. You rate to provide four or five tricks for partner, so your hand is worth a raise to three no trump.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you **♠QJ93** ♥AQ76 ♦J105 **♠**74 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond? A.-If you and your partner play limit raises, this is an acceptable jump to three hearts. But if that would be forcing in your methods, you have to make a temporizing bid of one spade and then jump raise hearts at your next turn. That secondary jump is no longer forcing.

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

A A J98 VK63 Q82 4A107

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West Pass 1 & Pass

What do you bid now? A .- You have the values for game, but don't even think about three no trump with such a tenuous diamond stopper. Since partner surely has straight to four hearts. Don't worry about your balanced hand—part-ner's holding is unbalanced.

# THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. Whitten



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Show: 6:15, 9:00

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## Lendl wins Australian indoor title

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) -Ivan Lendi beat Swedish qualifier Lars Wahlgren in straight sets Sunday to win the \$492,500 Anstralian indoor tennis championship for the third time.

The Czech-born world no. 1 dominated every facet of the final, winning 6-2, 6-2, 6-1 in one hour, 47 minutes against an opponent ranked 222nd in the world.

Wahlgren, 23, who had not made it past the first round of any major tournament this year and who was playing in the first grand prix final of his career, fought hard but lacked the weaponry to extend Lendl

Lendl, 29, disputed a number of line calls with umpire Bruno Rebeuh of France, but never looked like losing his grip. He recorded the 82nd grand

prix tournament win of his career

and his ninth this year. Lendi earned \$75,000 for his victory in the 32-draw event and also clinched \$800,000 for winning the Nabisco grand prix series

bonus pool.
Wahigren collected \$37,500, easily surpassing his total earnings for the rest of the year. Lendl set the pattern for the match by breaking Wahlgren's serve in the opening game and racing through the first set in 27

The top seed hit superh groundstrokes throughout the series of disappointing results.

TOULOUSE, France (AP) —

John McEnroe and Jimmy Con-

nors headed toward their 33rd

meeting as they took semifinal

victories Saturday in the \$255,000

Toulonse grand prix tennis

McEnroe, the top seed, breezed past No. 4 seed Horst Skoff

of Austria, 6-1, 6-3, after the second-seeded Connors dropped

the first set but rebounded to beat

the Soviet Union's Andrei Ches-

The first time Connors and

McEnroe met was in the 1977

Wimbledon semifinal when Con-

nors won in four sets. McEnroe

was an 18-year-old qualifier for

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nokov 3-6, 6-3, 6-1.

tournament.



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contest. He recorded 16 aces, 18 outright foreband winners and won 82 per cent of points on his first serve.

"It's always good to win and I haven't won a final that easily for some time," Lendl said. "Wahlgren lacks a big weapon. He doesn't hurt players enough." Wahlgren beat third-seeded

West German Carl-Uwe Steeh and defending champion Slobodan Zivojmovic on his way to the final and gave himself the motivation to continue as a professional tennis player.

He had been considering re-

tirement earlier this year after a

nors again, "I know he's the older

player and he's like a living

legend," McEnroe said. "But if I

play well 1 should win. But he

knows how to pace himself and

McEnroe played extremely well against Skoff with the Amer-

icans serve-and volley game giv-

won in three sets.

there,"

fore 1987.

can be tough.

the all-England tournament.

The last time was in August 1987 in the quarterfinal of the attacking his service," McEnroe

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"I may have lost the final but I can't he too disappointed," Wahlgren said. "I have just had the greatest week of my life."

The Swede, who is only ranked 20th in his homeland, hopes to gain a wild card entry into the upcoming grand prix tournament in Stockholm.

"I've got to relax a bit and think about my future," he said. "I've been in heaven all week." Lendl went through the tourna-

ment without dropping a set. No player took more than six games from him and he now has a 71-6 record for the year.

"He was just too tough, too strong for me," Wahlgren said.

McEnroe, Connors meet in Toulouse Canadian Open, where Connors said. "I just kept on attacking and

everything was working well." Connors is looking forward to another meeting. "It could go Skoff hit three winners off McEnroe's first three serves, but 6-3, 6-3, but it's always a war out after that McEnroe adjusted and Connors said of a match jumped to a 3-0 lead. He then against McEnroe, who had won allowed Skoff his only game in 10 straight against Connors bethe first set and ran out the next McEnroe is eager to play Con-

In the second set Skoff stayed close up to 4-3, and then McEnroe held again and broke Skoff in the ninth game again hehind three of the Austrian's errors. Connors got back into his match when Chesnokov began

spraying shots. 'In the first set, Andrei was getting the ball deep and 1 didn't get to the net much," the 37-yearold Connors said.

But things changed quickly as Connors, ranked 14th in the world compared to Chesnokov's No. 18, raced to 5-0 leads in the second and third set and coasted to the victory.

"In the second set 1 was able to get in and penetrate more," Connors said.

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# WORLD GYMNASTICS

# Artemov earns highest marks

STUTTGART, West Germany (R) — Olympic champion Vladimir Artemov became the first man to earn marks of 9.90 at the Stuttgart world gymnastics championships Sunday as he put the Soviet men well ahead in their defence of the team title.

Artemov, who won gold medals in the all-round, parallel bars and horizontal bar events at the Seoul Olympics, took the indi-vidual lead after scoring a total of 58.90 in the compulsory exercises of the team event on the second

day of the championships.
With four other Soviet men in the top eight and European champion lant Korobchinsky still to perform in the final group, the term looked confident of holding onto the title they have won at four of the last five cham-

Artemov, who collected 9.90 for the floor exercise and the horizontal bar, was followed in the interim standings by European all-round silver medallist Valentin Mogilny, who performed Saturday.

Olympic team gold medallist Vladimir Novikov and Vitally Marinich shared third place with East German Sven Tippelt, winner of one silver and two bronze medals in Seoul.

Tippelt's high marks, which included 9.80 on the floor and pommel horse, and a good showing from world joint vault champion Sylvio Kroll put the East Germans in a good position to fight China for the silver medal.

China have sent a young, mostly inexperienced team to the 25th world championships but newcomers Li Chunyang and Li Jing have provided excellent support for the hetter-known Wang Chongsheng. All three were placed in the top 10 after five of the six groups of gymnasts had completed the compulsories.

After Sunday's final group of compulsory exercises the teams will complete in optional routines Monday and Tuesday.

Marks of individual gymnasts are used as a qualifying standard for the all-round final and the six

apparatus finals.

Soviets take lead

On Saturday, new girl Elena Sazonenkova eclipsed her betterknown teammate Svetlana Baitova as the Soviet Union took an



Artemov performing in Seoul

early lead in their hid to win hack the women's team title at the world gymnastics championships. Sazonenkova scored nothing less than 9.837 in the compulsory exercises on the opening day of the championships and took first place in the individual standings

with 39.399 points.
With Baitova, a team gold medallist at the Seoul Olympics last year, close behind in the points tally, the Soviet women looked confident of winning hack the title they ceded to Romania

two years ago.
Their male counterparts were celebrating too after opening the defence of their team title in style with Valentin Mogilny turning in the finest performance of the opening day and his two teammates filling the second and third spots in the standings.

The Soviet women's cause in

the five-day team event was helped by a dismal start from reigning world all-round champion Aurelia Dohre whose form has suffered since she underwent knee surgery hefore the Olym-

The 16-year-old Dohre, who also won gold for the team event and the halance beam in Rotterdam two years ago, earned only 8.925 on the uneven hars after losing her grip and falling as she swing from the low to the high

Though Dobre recovered her poise and her smile in the floor exercise, earning a useful 9.80, and collected 9.837 for her vault, the Romanians still lagged behind.

Lacramioara Filip, a new face on the Romanian team, was lying fourth in the individual standings after the first day but the squad were behind China in third place and will depend on Daniela Silivas, winner of three gold medals in Seoul, to pull them ahead when she makes her first appear-

ance Monday. The Soviet men, with Olympic all-round champion Vladimir Artemov and Igor Korobchinsky. surprise winner of the European title, joining the fray Sunday. looked to have their dreams well under control.

Under a new scheme, half the men of each team perform the compulsory exercises Saturday and half Sunday. Vladimir Novikov, who won a

team gold at the Olympics.

earned marks of 9.80 on the floor and horizontal bar to move into second place while Valeri Belenkiy was lying third.

At the close of the first day of the compulsory exercises, the Soviet team led 1983 world cham-

pions China hy 174.80 points to 171.70 with Japan in third place. China, after the retirement of world rings joint champion La Ning, had heen pessimistic about

their chances with a revamped team in Stuttgart. But 19-year-old newcomer Li Jing gave them hope with a mark of 9.75 on the pommel horse and fourth place in the individual

standings at the end of the day. The individual results are used as qualifying marks for the allround competitions Thursday and

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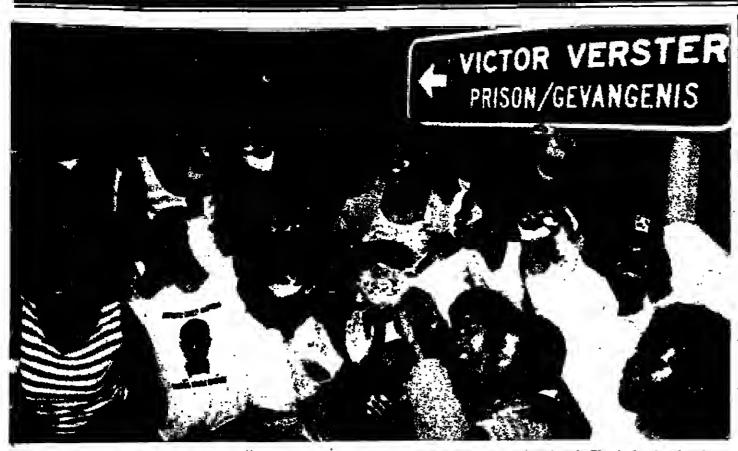


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# Pretoria frees eight prominent prisoners

SOWETO, South Africa (AP) — Walter Sisulu, senior leader of the African National Congress (ANC) and colleague of Nelson Mandela, was freed at dawn Sunday after 26 years in prison. Seven other anti-apartheid prisoners also were released unconditionally.

Sisulu, white-haired and bespectacled at 77, arrived under police escort at his home in Soweto and emhraced his wife, Albertina. Youths who had been waiting for Sisulu lifted the hlack nationalist atop their shoulders before he went inside. "I feel very well," Sisulu told

reporters. "I am inspired." President F.W. de Klerk announced the impending release of the eight last week as part of his attempt to improve political conditions for oegotiating a new constitution that would include some political rights for blacks.

Mandela, the outlawed ANC's most prominent leader, remains in prison, although his release within the oext few months is widely expected.

Freed along with Sisulu early Sunday were six more ANC leaders and Jafta Masemola, 58, of the Pan Africanist Congress, a smaller guerrilla movement.

Four of the ANC members were arrested in 1963 and sentenced to life prison terms in 1964 for sahotage aloog with Sisulu and Mandela: Andrew Mlangeni,

The group also includes ANC leaders Wilton Mkwayi, 67, who was sentenced to a life prison term for sabotage in a separate 1964 trial, and 80-year-old ANC activist Oscar Mpetha, who had been hospitalised in Cape Town.

63; Elias Mostsoaledi, 65, Ahmed Kathrada, 60, and Raymnod

Mhlaba, 68.

Mpetha, the country's oldest political prisoner, was serving a five-year prisoo term for terrorism. He was fitted with an artificial limh after a leg was ampu-tated while in prison, and he rose from his wheel chair Sunday by himself into his small home ocar Cape Town.

Masemola, who was sentenced to life imprisonment in 1963 for sabotage, suffered from depresswould need psychiatric counseling, his wife, Praises, told repor-

All seven ANC leaders were scheduled to appear at a Sunday eveoiog oews coofereoce io Soweto, the huge black township nn the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Sisulu, who arrived home in a gray suit and bluc tie, emerged after ahout three hours to speak to reporters and give a clenchedfist salute to a crowd of 300 jubilant well-wishers outside his home, some waving ANC flags.

Asked if he had feared he

might die in prisoo, Sisulu said: I was quite prepared for death... However, I knew the pressure was huilding, and that soooer or later they would have to give in. It was oot possible to despair."

Sisulu conferred at his home with several anti-apartheid leaders who have heeo making arrangements for the prisoners homecoming. These iocluded Cyril Ramaphosa, leader of the National Union of Mine Work-ers, and Murphy Morobe, a senior official of the banned United Democratic Front coalitioo.

Several of the freed ANC leaders also are expected to apply for prisoner releases.

Zamhia, for consultations with the guerrilla movement's exiled

Although the ANC remains outlawed, the release of Sisuln and his colleagues has been widely viewed as a tacit acknowledge-ment by the government of the movement's influence and popularity among South Africa's black

Even relatively conservative hlack leaders have said they will reject any oegotiations with the government unless the ANC is legalised and its jailed leaders

In recent weeks, the govern-ment has permitted ANC flags and posters to be displayed openly at mass protests, something not allowed before de Klerk took power in mid-August.

ANC symbols were particularly

in evidence Saturday, wheo more than 200,000 hlacks joined in marches oationwide protesting government policy and celebrat-ing the imminent release of the

Mandela, 71, conferred with Justice Minister Kobie Coetsee and other government officials before the announcement of the

# **East Germany offers old** answers to old problems

By Paul Holmes

WEST BERLIN - East Germany's ageing leaders, shaken by pro-reform protests and a mass exodus, are facing old problems. with old answers.

Parallels between events shaking East Germany in 1989 and a bloody workers' uprising in 1953 stop at the use of Soviet tanks to stifle dissent.

But some of the problems and the responses from East German leaders are strikingly similar to. said in outlinig a "new course"

those of 36 years ago.

Take the press for example. "You don't write in the newspaper what we tell you," the Communist Party daily Neues Deutschland quoted a disgruntled tions, cited similar areas for worker as saying in June 1953.

"The time for more realistic reporting in our media was long overdue," said a worker's letter in the same newspaper Saturday after the party approved a controlled relaxation of the media.

The workers' revolt grew from discontent over raised production quotas into outright opposition to

Then as now, the discontent that exploded into open protest

Rajiv Gandhi

early

parliamentary bills.

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Gandhi made the

Gandhi

rules out

elections

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian

Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi said

Saturday general elections would

be beld on schedule despite his

government's defeat over two

was accompanied by tens of thousands of East Germans pouring into West Germany.

Party's ruling Politburo responded with a dramatic statement acknowledging all was not right in the workers' and peasants' state.

view that a series of mistakes have been made by the sed (Communist Party) and the government of the German Democratic Republic," the 1953 statement

buro statement, issued after riots and protests upset East Germany's 40th anniversary celebra-

basic questions of our society" but made clear the socialist sys tem was not up for debate. Communist Party officials, then:

One was Erich Honecker, now the embattled leader of the party and then a 41-year-old candidate member of the Politburo and head of the FDJ Communist

Then as now the Communist

"The politburo... has taken the for the young state. Last Wednesday's ruling Polit-

It called for discussion of "all

as now went into factories to

discuss workers' concerns.

Erich Honecker

Youth Organisation. "I learned their personal thoughts, ideas and desires and s able to understand the causes of their dissatisfaction," Honecker says in his autobiography of a visit to factory workers in

The party's Potsdam area newspaper, the Maerkische Volk-sstimme, reported Honecker's visit hot its account of the debate showed a touch of the 1980s Soviet-style glasnost that has come in the past week to the staid East German media.

counter-revolutionary forces at

will be a long-term one, said

Defence Minister Qin Qiwei.

The newspaper quoted him as telling a meeting that the world

reactionary forces had never

given up their hostility towards

and attempts to subvert the

tration and counter-infiltration,

subversion and counter-subver-

sion will go on for a long time to

Peking says these forces were behind the protests, trying to turn

China into a vassal of the capital-

The People's Daily Sunday continued its fierce propaganda against the capitalist world with a lengthy article by Zhan Wenyi,

an assistant professor at a uni-

versity in Toronto.

Zhan accused capitalist coun-

tries of prospering from the ex-ploitation of Asia, Africa and Latin America. The United States accounted for 30 per cent

of the World's consumption with

just five per cent of its popula-

would be forced to depend on others to survive. Capitalist coun-

tries would not give China re-

sources to exploit and its people

would return to the chaos and

poverty of earlier rule by war-

During the past 10 years of reform, China had been given a

warning by importing elements of

capitalism — inflation, corrup-tion, a drop in the standard of rural health and in the social

status of women and environmen-

"In China, the struggle of infil-

The battle against such forces

home and abroad."

socialist system.

come," he said.

tion, he said.

lords, he said.

### Soviet dating firm targets foreigners

MOSCOW (R) — A computer dating service in Moscow is matching up Soviet citizens with would-be spouses from more than 100 foreign countries, a Moscow newspaper reported Saturday. Moskovskaya Pravda said the dating firm had 450,000 applicants, half of them foreigners, in its computer banks, sorted by interests and psychological profile. One Soviet woman used the service to find an Italian husband. The firm also has American, British, French and West German citizens on its books. The report attributed demand to social change. "We are changing, becoming more sociable," it said, adding that the firm was considering publishing its own newspaper.

### Shakespeare's Globe may have been found

LONDON (R) — Archaeologists believe they have found the remains of William Shakespeare's Globe theatre under a central Londoo car park. "It seems almost certain that this is the Giobe," Peter Thompson of the Museum of London said Thursday. "The museum is very ex-cited." The Globe, Shakespeare's own playhouse where all his most famous works were performed, was built in 1599. Archaeologists have uncovered three wall foundations on the site, and an intriguing clue: a layer of crushed hazelnut shells.

### 'Darkie' toothpaste changes name

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia (AP) — "Darkie" toothpaste will now be known as "Darkie" toothpaste in Malaysia because its old name was considered racially offensive, its distributors said Saturday. Hawley and Hazel Ltd., which has been distributing the toothpaste here for more than 40 years, said in a statement it would spend about one million ringgits (\$370,000) to promote the name change. The company said it has about a 30 per cent share of the toothpaste market in Malaysia, and the name change followed charges that the former name was racially insensitive.

### And you thought you were smart

PEKING (R) - A Chinese girl prodigy has gone to the United States to study, an official ocwspaper said. The Shanghai Economic Times, received in Peking Thursday, said Tong Yingying, six, who works at the city's Institute of Philosophy, spent the last year preparing for her trip. She can recite 30 English texts of higher middle school standard and work on a sophisticated computer, the paper said. It gave no more details.

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### 27-hour yodel hits world records

LONDON (R) - A 27-hour yodel, recorded in May by an American man, Ashrita Furman, is among the new entries in the latest Guinness Book of Records, published Friday. The updated list of exotic feats comprised some 15,000 records, including 3,000 oew ones. A Guinness spokeswoman said over 60 million copies of the book had been sold since it was first produced in 1955, second only to the Bible. Canadian sprinter Ben Juhnson is listed as the world's fastest man over 100 metres, though the publishers said his 1987 record of 9.83 seconds would be withdrawn in the next edition because he had admitted taking illegal steroid drugs to boost his performance.

# Global

(major world cities)

weather

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# Failed coup brings fear to Noriega

By Eloy O. Aguilar

PANAMA CITY - Although General Manuel Actonio Noriega has survived another coup attempt, the damage inflicted by the revolt from within the ranks of his defence forces is expected to take some time to гераіг. Some political observers say

"Noriega must know by now that he cannot trust anyone around him," declared Ricardo Arias Calderon, leader of the Panamanian opposition. Even Noriega, de facto ruler

the damage may be irreparable.

of Panama as chief of the defence forces, has said he is on guard against any further "The psychological war will

go on trying to involve our own forces," Noriega told suppor-ters last week. "We must be prepared. They will catch us by surprise again. The Oct. 3 barracks coun

attempt apparently was a painful one for Noriega.

The betrayal was staged hy young officers, the men he has said will carry Panama into the

oext century after the defence and control of the Panama Canal are turned over in 1999 by the United States.

Since the failed coup in which 11 soldiers died — some critics claim after the troops had surrendred --- Noriega is believed to be considering ways tn restructure the defence forces. He had developed the military into what he thought was a loyal unit with young officers brought in from the lower income classes.

Noriega blames the United States for all his troubles including international isolation owing to his poor image abroad as well as a noisy hut ineffectual oppositioo at home.

Nnriega was indicted in 1988 in the United States on charges of drug trafficking and money laundering. Efforts by the United States to oust him, including economic sanctions against Panama, have failed. Notiega vehemently denies

the charges in the indictments. In May, international observers said the opposition won presidential elections in Panama. But the government annul-



Manuel Noriega

States ever since has openly encouraged the military to overthrow Noriega.

Yet, when the young rebels took action on Oct. 3. U.S. soldiers in battle gear watched as the coup failed while they waited fur orders frum

It was the second harracks coup against Noriega. In 1988 Noriega Quickly put down a bloodless March 1988 rebellinn

led by his chief of police. Eighteen meo were arrested.

This time the cut was deep. The rebellious unit was his headquarters security company, led by its commander. It was crushed in five hours with the help of two loyal elite units that came to the rescue of the besieged commander in the defence beadquarters.

Although Panamanian officers claim U.S. soldiers hlocked some loyalist forces near the headquarters, there were some reports that some Panamanian units hesitated in the early hours, waiting to see what would happeo.

Some sources said that was one of the reasons that led to the arrest of chief of intelligence Guillermo Wong. At least two other colonels were arrested for not coming quickly enough to Noriega's side. All three were members of Noriega's general

It now appears that the lower ranks showed most of the damage to the defence forces as an institutioo. Eleven soldiers were killed: one major, five captains, three lieutenants and two sergeants.

cent are in favour of maintaining

In December, the North Atlan-

tic Council will meet to consider

reshaping NATO's mission. No

revolutionary changes are con-

templated, but Woerner hopes

the alliance should assume a

more political role with the goal

of :accelerating trends towards a

united Europe - and not lower

said, "someone could look to a

the NATO alliance.

### **Peking school bans** mah-jong, tipsiness rumours and dirty slanders of the

PEKING (R) — Peking University students have been forbidden to play mah-jong, get drunk, do business or spread Western political ideas, as China's defence ministry warned of a long-term struggle against anti-communis subversion. The new regulations published

in the Peking Daily Sunday are aimed at rooting out anti-government feeling oo the campus that led in April and June to the largest scale demonstrations in 40 years of communism.

Hundreds, perhaps thousands, were killed when the military were sent in on June 4 to crus Students who returned to the

campus Saturday are forbidden to

play man-jong or get drunk, or engage in illegal trading and spreading "hourgeois liberal ideas" — Western political ideas which Peking blames for causing the protests.

The students are spending their first week entirely on politics and

797 teachers have been assigned to conduct political study in addition to their regular classes, the newspaper said. The government is further taking its revenge on Peking Uni-

ment at a meeting of his Congress year class of 748 for a year to a Party members of parliament to military academy 300 kilometres end growing speculation that the polls would be called as soon as south of the capital. Soldiers are being held up as national models. possible. He must call elections in State television, Saturday retime to constitute a new parliaported the publication of "A Day

ment by Jan. 14. Gandhi said his party would of Martial Law," persocal accounts by soldiers, militia and use the defeat of two hills in the police of their experiences after upper house Friday as its most martial law was declared in Pekimportant campaign issue in the ing May 20.

The new book not only has great literary and historical value, the Liberation Army daily commented Sunday, hut also "is a tal pollotion and degradation, strong weapon to expose the Zhan added.

from state governments to village and town councils, fell short of the required two-thirds majority by two and three votes respec-"This will be our major cam-

"The opposition demonstrated

they were not interested in en-

ding corruptioo and nepotism or

in improving the efficiency of delivering the fruits of develop-

ment to the poor and weaker sections of nur society," Gandhi

The bills, to devolve power

paign platform, that the opposition is against any real devolution of power to the grass-roots level," said Minister of State for Information K.K. Tiwari. Political analysts said the two

bills were aimed at wooing the rural population, who make up 80 per cent of India's 800 million

### Pope: Video is evil RODRIGUES ISLAND, Mauri-

tius (R) — Pope John Paul was greeted by electric guitar music as he arrived Sunday for an open-air mass on a remote Indian Ocean island, where he delivered a warning that videos threatened family life. More than half the 36,000

strongly Roman Catholic inhabi-tants of Rodrigues attended the gathering at a simple sports stadium set among wooded hills in the centre of the island. After arriving to the sound of

disco-style electric guitars, the Pope, wearing green vestments, celebrated mass from a palmthatched shelter resembling traditional houses on the windswept island 650 kilometres east of Mauritius. "Like other societies, Rodri-

gues is suffering the full force of nfluences, such as videos, which threaten the stability of the fami-," he said in his homily.

Many benefits of modern civilisation such as electricity and tarred roads had already reached Rodrigues, a simple and closeknit society of poor farmers and

But, the Pope added, not all the innovations of modern life had been beneficial.

"For a long time, Rodrigues seems to have lived quietly, like a great and united family, where everybody knows each other and no one is left out. But suddenly, there is concern for the future. This is the test," he said.

The threat posed by modern life and materialism to traditional moral values had been the theme of the Pope's visit to Mauritius,

boom in the past 10 years. The former British colony of one million people has moved away from its traditional dependence on sugar by developing tour-ism and manufacturing industries

Development has been concentrated on Mauritius island and Rodrigues remains a backwater afflicted by high unemployment and low living standards. The Pope told the people of

geared to the export market.

Rodrigues that they should hold fast to their traditional moral values and resist the temptations of materialism. "May your love for God the Father always remain detached from irrational attitudes and the

"magic" seductions which enslave," the Pope said.
The Pope arrived in Mauritius Saturday on the final stage of a tour which has also included South Korea and Indonesia.

Later Sunday, he was due to fly back to Mauritius for a meeting with 22,000 young people at a stadium in the town of Rosehill and a gathering of clergy at the shrine of the Blessed Jacques Desire Laval in the capital port

Pope John Paul has acknowledged Laval, a French missionary who worked among freed black slaves in Mauritius, as a source of inspiration.

The 19-century priest, revered by the island's Christians and regarded as a hero by its Hindus and Muslims, was the frist person beatified by the Pope after his. election in 1978.

The pontiff is due to fly back to Rome Monday,

# Soviets force NATO to go political

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - Changes in Eastern Europe encouraged by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev are forcing Western leaders to consider a more political and less military role for the 40-year-old NATO alliance.

If the cold war is receding, why stay armed to the teeth, glaring at the Soviet-led Warsaw Pact across a divided Europe? Isn't it time to bring some of the 305,000 American troops home? Manfred Woerner, the former

West German defeoce minister who is NATO's secretary-general, considered those sorts of questions Thursday in an appearance in Washingtoo before the Atlantic Council of the United States. His advice io a nutshell:

NATO should keep its guard

up. But also it should play more

of a political role and hasteo the unioo of West European coun-

As for the American troops, their future depends on the outcome of oegotiations in Vienna and oo the wishes of President George Bush and Congress. Bush has proposed a 10 per

ceot cutback as part nf a deal with the Warsaw Pact that would force even deeper reductions on the Eastern side. Western negotiators are awaiting Moscow's Wheo NATO was created,

Western leaders were convinced the Red Army would sweep across the European continent unless hundreds of thousands of troops, armed with ouelear weapnns, artillery and tanks

Although NATO has cever

a cliche to affirm solemnly that saw Pact nations.

been tested in a war, it's become

stood in their way.

40 years. But is the cold war over? Woerner does not think so, although he concluded "clearly

we are at the end of the post-war period" and that the 16 NATO allies should take a fresh lonk at the Eoropean landscape. Fifty-thousand young East Germans have fled to the West in receot weeks. The Hungarian

Communist Party has dissolved itself and reconstituted as a Westem-style Socialist Party. Poland is being governed by its first non-Communist-led cahinet since

"The Communist system is fail-ing, clearly failing," Woerner concloded.

"Even in a landscape of political change," he said, "we need the solid and sound defence. Turmoil is in the air everytime there is change. The potential is still Gorbachev is testing NATO with arms control proposals even as he consents to political and economic change within the War-

The people in Western Europe 'military solution for their probare responding with calls for disarmament, although Woerner lems. You need a solid base for your own security."
The NATO official predicted cited polls that show 70 to 80 per

both NATO and the Warsaw Pact would have a new look in the 1990s, with "much lower levels of armaments" and striking a defence posture on both sides. Still, he acknowledged that

persuading the people of Western Europe requires salesmanship. "The problem is only to sell it to our own people," Woerner said. "This is a question of lead-

ership. You have to say to your

people what you need, and they

accept it. I am firmly coovinced they accept it." In his own mind, of course Woerner is convinced of NATO's

If Gorbachev fails to recon-struct the Soviet system, Woerner guarantees peaceful change," he